



PrepsNG
Learning Center

EBONYI STATE UNIVERSITY

POST UTME PAST QUESTIONS FOR ARTS
AND SOCIAL SCIENCE

EBSU POST UTME PAST QUESTIONS FOR ARTS AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

EBSU 2017/2018 QUESTIONS

USE OF ENGLISH:

In each of question 1-2, choose the option nearest in meaning to the words or phrase in *italics*

- Adamu is rather *MEDLLESOME* in dealing with his friends.
 - Intimidating
 - Quarrelsome
 - impertinent
 - Uncaring
- The plan has gone *AWRY*
 - Wrong
 - Wild
 - Well
 - Wide

In each of question 3-5, choose the option opposite in meaning to the word or phrase in *italics* (capital letter)

- The action was *PREMEDITATED*.
 - Unplanned
 - Unnecessary
 - Catastrophic
 - Uncoordinated
- The little boy has become quite *CHUBBY*.
 - Intelligent
 - Tall
 - Thin
 - Huge
- The point you have made is quite *APT*.
 - Helpful
 - irrelevant
 - Illogical
 - Insensitivity

MATHEMATICS:

- In how many ways can a committee of women and 3 men be chosen from 6 men and 5 women?
 - 50
 - 200

- 100
- 30

- If three unbiased coins are tossed. Find the probability that they are all heads.
 - $\frac{1}{3}$
 - $\frac{1}{9}$
 - $\frac{1}{6}$
 - $\frac{1}{9}$

- Find the sum to infinity of the Following series $0.5 + 0.05 + 0.005 + 0.0005$.

- $\frac{5}{9}$
- $\frac{5}{7}$
- $\frac{5}{8}$
- $\frac{5}{11}$

Literature in English

- Any work of literature which sets out to instruct may be called
 - dialectic
 - decadent
 - definitive
 - didactic
- A sonnet is a poem of
 - fourteen lines
 - ten lines
 - seven lines
 - six stanzas
- An imitation, bordering on ridicule of an author's style and ideas is known as
 - mime
 - paradox
 - criticism
 - parody
- The use of sound pattern to suggest meaning in poetry is
 - rhythm
 - mimics
 - lyric
 - metonymy

ECONOMICS

- The reward on machinery and equipment in the process of production is known as
 - profit

- B. interest
- C. rent
- D. wages

14. The real owner of business enterprises are

- A. managers
- B. shareholders
- C. sales representatives
- D. stock-bickers

15. The term ceteris paribus implies that

- A. All factors are Fully utilized
- B. Human beings are unpredictable
- C. Resources are scarce
- D. Human problems can be solved

GOVERNMENT

16. The official report of proceeding in parliament is known as the

- A. Hansard
- B. diary of events
- C. Gazette
- D. Summary of proceedings

17. A typical form of delegated legislation is

- A. Act of parliament
- B. Decree
- C. Bye law
- D. Gazette

18. Which of the following is not an OPEC member state?

- A. Nigeria
- B. Indonesia
- C. Venezuela
- D. Ghana

19. A law passed by the legislature and assented by the executive is

- A. Proclamation
- B. A decree
- C. A legislative order
- D. An act

20. A constitution that is difficult to amend is _____.

- A. Flexible
- B. Rigid
- C. written
- D. Unwritten

ANSWERS TO 2017/2018 EBSU QUESTIONS

1. C 2. A 3. A 4. C 5. B 6. - 7. A 8. A 9. A
10. A 11. D 12. A 13. B 14. B 15. A 16. -
17. C 18. D 19. D 20. B

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EBSU 2009/2010 USE OF ENGLISH QUESTIONS

In each of questions 1-3, choose the word(s) that best complete the meaning in the sentences.

1. We watched the woman as she stood up and _____ herself more comfortably.

- A. reseated
- B. resat
- C. reseat
- D. resitted

2. The students _____ the principal's appeal for calm and took to the streets.

- A. deferred
- B. defied
- C. differed
- D. difined

3. The noise from the record seller's workshop _____ on my ears

- A. jeers
- B. jams
- C. jars
- D. jarrs

In questions 4-6, choose the option opposite in meaning to the word(s) in italics

4. The Military Governor *upheld* the decision of his cabinet.

- A. held up
- B. undercut
- C. maintained
- D. abolish
- E. reversed

5. Chidi is naturally *taciturn*

- A. friendly
- B. cheerful
- C. dumb
- D. lively
- E. garrulous

6. James is a disco-addict. He takes his studies rather *lightly*

- A. humorously
- B. gloomily
- C. tediously
- D. carefully
- E. seriously

In questions 7-9, choose the word(s) or phrase which best fills the gap.

7. There's _____ ventilation in this room; that's why don't breathe well

- A. few
- B. a few
- C. little
- D. a little

8. Whenever he put the light on, someone _____ to disturb him.

- A. came
- B. comes
- C. has come
- D. would come

9. It _____ be taken for repair after all; it's working again.

- A. couldn't
- B. mightn't
- C. shouldn't
- D. needn't

10. chassis

- A. chip
- B. sharp
- C. cheat
- D. character

ANSWERS TO 2009/2010 USE OF ENGLISH QUESTIONS

1. A 2. B 3. C 4. E 5. A 6. E 7. C 8. B 9. D

10. B

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EBSU 2012/2013 USE OF ENGLISH QUESTIONS

Comprehension Passage:

I am always amazed when I hear people saying that sport creates goodwill among nations, and that it is only the common peoples of the world could meet one another at football or squash. They would have no inclination to meet on the battle field. Even if one didn't know from concrete examples (the 1936 Olympic Games, for instance that international sporting contests lead to orgies of hatred), one could deduce it from general principles. Nearly all the sports practiced nowadays are competitive. You play to win, and the game has little meaning unless you do your utmost to win. On the village green, where you pick up sides and no feeling of local patriotism is involved, it is possible to play simply for the fun of it and exercise; but as soon as the question of prestige arises, as soon as you feel that you and some larger unit will be disgraced if you lose, the most savage combative instincts are aroused. Anyone who has played even in a school football match knows this.

At the international level, sport is frankly a mimic warfare. But the significant thing is not the behaviour of the players but the attitude of the spectators; and, behind the spectators, of the nations who work themselves into furies over these absurd contests and seriously believe at any rate for short period—that running, jumping and kicking a ball are tests of national virtue. Even a leisurely game demanding grace rather than strength can cause much ill-will. Football, a game in which everyone gets hurt and every nation has its own style of play is far worse. Worst of all is boxing. One of the most horrible sights in the world is a fight between white and coloured boxers before a mixed audience.

- The 1936 Olympic Games was cited in the passage as an example to show that sports can
 - lead to excessive hatred
 - create goodwill among nations
 - generate feelings of national prestige
 - make people meet on the battle field
- According to the Passage, _____

- all the sports practiced nowadays are competitive
- games have meaning only when the participants play to win
- it is possible to play a game simply for the fun of it
- on the local green, you play not to win but for the fun of it

3. Boxing is regarded as the worst game in the passage because

- of the behaviour of the boxers themselves
- of the amount of that can be generated among spectators of different races
- of the ill-will that can be generated by a game that demands strength from the competitors
- it is a game which both players get hurt rather badly

4. Which of the following statements is TRUE according to the passage?

- Running, jumping and kicking a ball are tests of national virtue
- At the national level, sport is frankly a mimic warfare
- The most savage combative instincts are aroused by anyone who has played in a school football match
- Nations work themselves up because they tend to believe that sports are tests of national virtue

5. 'Mimic' as used in the passage means _____

- comic
- silent
- imitated
- practiced

LEXIS AND STRUCTURE

In questions 6 to 8, choose the option opposite the meaning to the word(s) in italics.

- The western allies frowned at their enemies' *indiscriminate* bombing of their territory.
 - Impartial
 - selective
 - unprovoked
 - divided

7. This average fertility figure, of course *conceals* wide individual variations among the people.

- A. attracts
- B. covers
- C. exposes
- D. concludes

8. The hasty action will bring nothing but *discredit* to them.

- A. honour
- B. shame
- C. reward
- D. disgrace

In questions 9 to 11, choose the option nearest in meaning to the word(s) phrase(s) in italics.

9. Mary stole the day's *takings* from the bakery.

- A. receipts
- B. collections
- C. contributions
- D. offerings

10. After careful investigation, the police found no *iota of truth* in Ibrahim's allegations

- A. quota
- B. grain
- C. evidence
- D. statement

11. Most of his observations were *wide off the mark*.

- A. comprehensible
- B. irrelevant
- C. Pertinent
- D. unacceptable

In questions 12 to 15, choose the word(s) or phrase(s) which best fill(s) the gap(s).

12. When the driver lost control of his vehicle, the pedestrians began to run for _____.

- A. their dear lives
- B. their dear live
- C. dear lives
- D. dear life

13. Okoro intends to wear his _____ dress to the zoo this afternoon.

- A. white cotton new

- B. white new cotton
- C. new white cotton
- D. cotton white new

14. The _____ car is the centre of attraction.

- A. small racing light-green
- B. racing small light-green
- C. small light-green racing
- D. light-green small racing

15. Tsado and his wife are always fighting. The _____ to be drawn from this is that they are not happy together.

- A. reference
- B. inference
- C. difference
- D. deference

SOLUTION TO 2012/2013 USE OF ENGLISH Questions

1. A 2. C 3. B 4. D 5. C 6. B 7. C 8. A 9. A

10. B 11. B 12. A 13. C 14. C 15. B

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EBSU 2013/2014 USE OF ENGLISH QUESTIONS

Comprehension Passage:

My good people: I come before you this evening as a man whose honesty and integrity have been questioned. Now, the usual political thing to do when charges are levelled against you is either to ignore them or to deny them without giving details. But before I answer any of your questions, let me state categorically that I have not touched a kobo of the ₦500,000 we contributed. Every kobo of it has been used in defraying political campaign expenses. As a matter of fact, during one of my meet-the-press conferences. Mr James Ukpogba accosted me and said, 'Honourable Senator, what about this fund we hear about?' I told him there was no secret about the fund and that he should meet Ken Kamalu to get details of the fund. I told him 'You will find that the purpose of the fund was primarily to defray political expenses.'

In answer to another one of his questions, I said that neither contributors to this fund, not contributors to any of my campaigns had ever received any special consideration that he would not have received as an ordinary constituent. And I can say that never, since I became a Senator, have I made a telephone call for them to an agency or have I gone down to an agency on their behalf. Records will show that, and these records are in the hands of the Administrator.

- The author is _____
 A. exonerating himself from allegations of embezzlement
 B. ignoring the allegations of embezzlement
 C. taking part in a political campaign
 D. demonstrating that he is a Senator
 E. trying to implicate Ken Kamalu, a fellow politician
- Constituent in the passage means _____
 A. a section of his constituency
 B. his entire constituency
 C. his campaigner
 D. a person having voting rights and is flying a supporter
- Accosted in the passage means _____
 A. grossly insulted

- B. greeted
 C. fought with
 D. fore
 E. went and spoke to

- It appears that the ₦500,000 _____
 A. has been spent
 B. has been paid into the government accounts of treasury
 C. will soon be paid into the government of treasury
 D. has been saved by Ken Kamalu
 E. will be used for future campaigns
- Ken Kamalu is portrayed as _____
 A. a corrupt politician
 B. the administrator of the fund
 C. an ordinary taxpayer
 D. a government official
 E. a citizen

LEXIS AND STRUCTURE

In questions 6 to 9, choose the word(s) **opposite in meaning to the word underlined.**

- He is loved his altruism.
 A. benevolence
 B. sincerity
 C. Selfishness
 D. selflessness
 E. kindness
- Disgruntled people are indifferent to any plans to rid the society of evil.
 A. different from
 B. diffident about
 C. in agreement with
 D. interested in
 E. opposed to
- This card entitles you to attend the film show.
 A. disqualifies
 B. discourages
 C. Disenchants
 D. proclaims
 E. satisfies
- Kelechi hardly ever falls sick.
 A. most often
 B. very seldom
 C. Sometimes

SOLUTIONS TO 2013/2014 USE OF ENGLISH

1. A 2. D 3. E 4. A 5. B 6. C 7. D 8. A 9. A
10. B 11. B 12. C 13. B 14. A 15. D

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- D. frequently
E. occasionally

10. Little Ugochi has a bicycle, which is in Marvellous condition.

- A. need of a tune up
B. excellent
C. Questionable
D. unstable
E. working

11. Many states practice the ideals of democracy.

- A. government by elections
B. government by representatives
C. government by civilians
D. government by all the people
E. oligarchy

12. The principal advised that we pursue this case cautiously, otherwise we are bound to be taken _____ by Ada's lies.

- A. away
B. out
C. in
D. off
E. on

13. Samuel: Would you please come here, John? John: No. I'm busy _____ in my farm.

- A. I am working
B. I'm working
C. I am to work
D. I shall have worked
E. I go to work

14. James _____ reminding that not all that glitters is gold.

- A. needs
B. need
C. needing
D. needs to
E. need to

15. The plane overshot the _____ in a minor accident.

- A. railway
B. hanger
C. tarmac
b. runway
E. road

EBSU 2014/2015 USE OF ENGLISH QUESTIONS

Comprehension passage:

Instruction: Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow

Standard English refers to authoritative and correct usage of the language, the medium of expression for government and education. Its opposite is a dialectal variant of the language, that is, accepted recognized words, expressions and structures peculiar to smaller group of language user who are generally set apart from standard usage by cultural group or geographical region. For example, Nigeria, American Irish and British English differ from one another in many respects and each is identifiable, yet in every case the moves towards informality and away from the observance of strict rules, emphasis falls on the difference between dialects.

In addition to America English being distinguishable from British English, it is also true that British English is not uniform within the United Kingdom. The level of formalities determine by education and aspiration why dialects vary from region to region.

- The author refers to Standard English as _____
 A. a dialectal variant of language
 B. an authoritative style of usage
 C. the orthodox and accurate usage of the language
 D. the accepted and recognized words expression and structures, peculiar to a smaller group of language users
- According to the author, Nigerian, American, Irish and British English can be regarded as _____
 A. registers
 B. standards
 C. styles
 D. languages
- The observance of strict rules is a feature of _____
 A. formality
 B. dialects
 C. languages
 D. unconventionality

Lexis and Structure:

In each of question 4 to 5, select the option that best explains the information conveyed in the sentences

- My son, who is in the U.S.A. is studying Engineering
 A. My only son is in the U.S.A. studying Engineering
 B. one of my sons is in the U.S.A studying Engineering
 C. My sons are in the U.S.A but only one is studying Engineering
 D. Only my son is in the U.S.A studying Engineering
- The mills of God grind slowly, but they grind exceedingly small
 A. God has a mill where every material in life is thoroughly ground.
 B. God may seem slow in action, but He adequately reward every bit of injustice
 C. The world is like a food factory where God takes His time in grinding all raw materials properly
 D. Even though God is never in a hurry, He achieves things

In each of questions 6-8, choose the most appropriate option opposite in meaning to the words or phrase in italics.

- Good students can easily identify *spurious* arguments.
 A. genuine
 B. interesting
 C. false
 D. illogical
- We watched in wonder as she rattled away in that *esoteric* language.
 A. inscrutable
 B. familiar
 C. secret
 D. obscure
- Many species in creation are *mutated* over the year into new form of life.
 A. stabilized
 B. manifested
 C. transformed
 D. Standardized

9. In spite of many days of fasting Musa is still ***fastidious*** about his food.

- A. Particular
- B. undecided
- C. indifferent
- D. in mindful

In each of questions 9-11, choose the most appropriate option nearest in meaning to the word(s) or phrase in italics

10. The young man's behaviour shows that he was ***at the top of the tree***.

- A. at the highest position in his profession
- B. confused
- C. At a point of preparedness to show good example
- D. arrogant

11. The doctor insisted on giving all of us ***prophylactic*** drug.

- A. curative
- B. preventive
- C. routine
- D. special

In each of questions 12 -15, fill with the most appropriate option from the list following the gap

12. The director, not less than his workers _____ to blame.

- A. is
- B. are
- C. were
- D. ought

13. He did not explain what happened _____.

- A. either
- B. never
- C. neither
- D. rather
- E. did she

14. It was an _____ moment for us to welcome the new vice chancellor.

- A. opportune/privileged
- B. opportuned/privilege
- C. opportune/opportune
- D. opportuned/opportune

15. A very popular ruler is at the _____.

- A. helms of affair
- B. helm of affair

- C. realm of affair
- D. helm of affairs

SOLUTION TO 2014/2015 USE OF ENGLISH

1. B 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. D 6. A 7. B 8. A 9. C

10. A 11. A 12. A 13. C 14. B 15. D

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EBSU 2015/2016 USE OF ENGLISH QUESTIONS

INSTRUCTIONS: Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow.

By 1910, the motor car was plainly conquering the highway. The private car was now part of every rich man's establishment, although its price made it as yet an impossible luxury for most of the middle class. But for the adventuresome youth, there was the motorcycle, a fearsome invention producing accidents and ear-splitting noises. Already, the dignified carriages and smart pony-traps were beginning to disappear from the roads, and coachmen and grooms, unless mechanically minded, were finding it more difficult to make a living.

The roads, which had gone to sleep since the coming of the railway, now awoke to feverish activity. Cars and motor cycles dashed along them at speeds which rivalled those of the express trains, and the lorry began to appear. Therefore, the road system was compelled to adapt itself to a volume and speed of traffic for which it had ever been intended. Its complete adaptation was impossible, but the surface was easily transformed and, during the early years of the century, the dustiness and greasiness of the highways were lessened by tar spraying. To widen and straighten the roads and get rid of blind corners and every steep gradient were tasks which had scarcely been tackled before 1914. The situation was worst of all in towns where not only was any frequently increased by the short-sighted eagerness of town authorities in laying down tramlines.

Yet it was not only the road system that was in need of readjustment; the nervous of those who used and dwelt by the road suffered. The noises caused by the conversion of the roads into speedways called for a corresponding tightening up of the nerves; and especially in the towns, the pedestrian who wished to preserve life and limb was compelled to keep his attention continually on the stretch, to practice himself in estimates of the speed of approaching vehicles and to run or jump for his life ventured off the pavement.

1. The writer seems to suggest that
 A. roads that existed were dormant
 B. coachmen and grooms were not mechanically minded
 C. there were no roads before the ad of cars and motorcycles and so people had to be mechanically minded
 D. volume and speed of traffic on the roads increased with the advent of cars, motorcycles and lorries

2. The writer uses the expression *unless mechanically minded* to refer to
 A. coachmen and grooms adaptable to the new technology
 B. coachmen grooms who chose to become mechanics
 C. town authorities laying down tramlines
 D. those amenable to change and development

3. The statement by 1910, *the motor car was plainly conquering the highway* means that
 A. by 1910 many people knew how to drive motor cars
 B. the motor car was invented in 1910
 C. highway codes for motor cars came into effect by 1910
 D. by 1910 motor cars became common sight on the highways

In each of questions 4 to 6, choose the option nearest in meaning to the word(s) or phase in italics

4. I cannot understand why Ali should serve in that *Moribund* administration
 A. oppressive
 B. prodigal to
 C. crumbling
 D. purposeless

5. The *coalescence* of the groups created additional problems.
 A. proscription
 B. fighting
 C. disbandment
 D. union

6. Any chief executive of an organization would find *radical changes* blocked at every turn.
 A. developments

- B. ideas
- C. suggestions
- D. innovations

Select the option that best explains information conveyed in the sentence

7. You must not attend the end of-year-party.
- A. it is not necessary that you attend the party
 - B. it is necessary that you do not attend the party
 - C. you do not have to decide whether to attend the party or not
 - D. you have to decide whether to attend the party or not

Identify the word that has the stress on the first syllable

- 8. A. resist
- B. salon
- C. confirm
- D. intact

Choose the word opposite in meaning to the word in italics

9. What a harmless thought he has.
- A. pernicious
 - B. pleasant
 - D. pertinent
 - D. perfect

Choose the word that has the same consonant sound as the one represented by the letter(s) underlined

10. Sure
- A. cheer
 - B. cheap
 - C. charlatan
 - D. church

In question 11, the word in capital letters has an emphatic stress. Choose the option that best fits the expression in the sentence.

11. My neighbour **BRUISED** his thigh while playing football
- A. did your neighbour break his leg while playing tennis?
 - B. Did your neighbour fracture his thigh while playing football?

- C. Was your neighbour involved in an accident?
- D. Did your neighbour play football yesterday

In each of question 10 to 15, fill each gap with the most appropriate option from the list provided.

12. I do not think any sane person would have acted in such a _____ manner
- A. rational
 - B. composed
 - C. secret
 - D. cruel

13. Modern dancing has become 'rather scientific and so requires.
- A. bizarre costuming
 - B. some choreographic skill
 - C. immense instrumentation
 - D. a rapping voice

14. The government which _____ recruiting _____ workers suddenly stopped doing so.
- A. are/its
 - B. was/it
 - C. is/their
 - D. were/their

15. Neither Agbo nor his parents _____ the meetings now.
- A. attended
 - B. attend
 - C. has attended
 - D. attends

SOLUTION TO 2015/2016 USE OF ENGLISH

1. D 2. A 3. D 4. C 5. D 6. D 7. B 8. B 9. A
10. C 11. B 12. D 13. B 14. B 15. B

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EBSU 2009/2010 MATHEMATICS QUESTIONS

1. Express $8 \times 10^{-6} - 2 \times 10^{-5}$ as a fraction

A. $\frac{1}{4}$

B. $\frac{5}{2}$

C. $\frac{2}{5}$

D. $\frac{1}{5}$

2. Find the values of x for which

$$2^{2x+3} - 33 \times 2^x \div 4 = 0$$

A. $x=2, x=-3$

B. $x=-2, x=3$

C. $x=4, x=1/8$

D. $x=2, x=3$

3. If $2609 - 1002 = 66n$, find n .

A. 7

B. 9

C. 10

D. 8

4. Find the values of x such that

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 7 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

A. $x=y=2$

B. $x=2, y=-2$

C. $x=-2, y=2$

D. $x=y=-2$

5. A chord of a circle of radius 13cm is drawn 5cm from the center of the circle. Find the length of the chord.

A. 12cm

B. 124

C. 18cm

D. $\sqrt{194}$

6. If $x-2$ is a factor of $px^3 + 2x^2 - 2p + 12$, find the value of p .

A. $\frac{8}{5}$

B. $\frac{10}{3}$

C. 2

D. -2

7. In a regular pentagon ABCDE, AC intersects BD at p . Calculate $\angle CPD$.

A. 108°

B. 36°

C. 72°

D. 48°

8.

| Subjects | Bio | Chem. | Maths. | Phy. |
|----------|-----|---------|--------|------|
| Marks | 95 | $2x+10$ | x | 75 |

The above shows the marks obtained by a student in an examination. If the total mark obtained is 300, what is the angle corresponding to the mark obtained in Chemistry. If the information is represented in a pie chart?

A. 120°

B. 144°

C. 48°

D. 108°

9. A ladder 17m rests against a vertical wall so that its foot is 8.5m from the wall. Find the angle of inclination of the ladder to the horizontal floor.

A. 30°

B. 60°

C. 45°

D. 55°

10. Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{x - 2}$

A. 0

B. 5

C. ∞

D. 1

11. If $\frac{dy}{dx} = 6x - 3$ and $y(-1) = 8$, find $y(x)$.

A. $3x^2 - 3x - 8$

B. $3x^2 - 3x + 8$

C. $3x^2 - 3x - 2$

D. $3x^2 - 3x + 2$

12. The minimum of the function

$$f(x) = 2x^2 - 12x + 5$$
 is

A. 59

B. -59

C. 3

D. -3

13. A basket contains 5 MTN cards, 6 GLO cards, 3 MTEL cards and 6 Vmobile cards. What is the probability that a card is

selected from the basket at random will be MTN or MTEL card?

A. $\frac{3}{20}$

B. $\frac{3}{4}$

C. $\frac{1}{4}$

D. $\frac{2}{5}$

14. Find the range of the numbers

$$\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{6}{7}, \frac{8}{9}$$

A. $\frac{7}{27}$

B. $\frac{13}{45}$

C. $\frac{9}{5}$

D. $\frac{5}{9}$

15. If the mean of the numbers 4, 3, 5, x 7 is 5, find the variance.

A. 2

B. 10

C. $\sqrt{2}$

D. 5

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ANSWERS TO 2009/2010 MATHEMATICS QUESTIONS

1. C 2. A 3. D 4. 5. B 6. D 7. C 8. D 9. B

10. B 11. D 12. C 13. D 14. D 15. C

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EBSU 2012/2013 MATHEMATICS QUESTIONS

1. A trader bought 100 oranges at 5 for ₦1.20; 20 oranges got spoilt and the remaining were sold at 4 for ₦1.50. Find the percentage gain or loss.

- A. 30% gain
- B. 25% gain
- C. 30% loss
- D. 25% loss

2. Simplify $\frac{\sqrt{0.0023 \times 750}}{\sqrt{0.00345 \times 1.25}}$

- A. 15
- B. 20
- C. 40
- D. 75

3. The first term of a geometrical progression is twice its common ratio. Find the sum of the first two terms of the progression if its sum to infinity is 8.

- A. $\frac{8}{5}$
- B. $\frac{8}{3}$
- C. $\frac{72}{25}$
- D. $\frac{56}{9}$

4. The sum of two members is twice their difference. If the difference of the number is P, find the larger of the two numbers.

- A. $\frac{p}{2}$
- B. $\frac{8}{3}$
- C. $\frac{5p}{2}$
- D. 3p

5. In ΔMNO , $MN=6$ units, $MO=4$ units and $NO=12$ units. If the bisector of angle M meets NO at P. Calculate NP.

- A. 4.8 units
- B. 7.c units
- C. 8.0 units
- D. 18.0 units

6. Find the equation of the locus of a point $P(x,y)$, such that $PV=PW$, where $V=(1,1)$ and $W=(3, 5)$

- A. $2x+2y=0$
- B. $2x+3y=8$
- C. $2x+y=9$
- D. $x+2y=8$

7. From the Point P, the bearing of two points Q and R are $N67^\circ W$ and $N23^\circ E$ respectively. If the bearing of R from Q is $N68^\circ E$ and $PQ=15m$, calculate PR.

- A. 120m
- B. 140m
- C. 150m
- D. 160M

8. What is the derivative of $t^2 \sin(3t-5)$ with respect to the variable?

- A. $6t \cos(3t-5)$
- B. $2dt \sin(3t-5) - 3t^2 \cos(3t-5)$
- C. $2t \sin(3t-5) + 3t^2 \cos(3t-5)$
- D. $2t \sin(3t-5) + t^2 \cos 3t$

9. How many two digit numbers can be formed from the digits 0, 1, 2 if a digit can be repeated, and no number may begin with 0?

- A. 4
- B. 12
- C. 16
- D. 20

10. The mean of four numbers is 5 and the mean deviation is 3. Find the fourth number if the mean deviation of the first three numbers is 2.

- A. 6
- B. 10
- C. 11
- D. 17

11. Three times the second term plus the seventh term of AP is equal to the twelfth term. Find the relationship between the first term a and the common difference d.

- A. $3a-2d=0$
- B. $3a+2d=0$
- C. $3a+d=0$
- D. $3a-d=0$

12. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = 2x^2 - \sin 2x$

- A. $4x+2 \cos x$
- B. $4x-2 \cos 2x$
- C. $4x+2 \cos 2x$
- D. $4x-2 \cos x$

13. A bag contains $4x$ First bank ATM cards, $(2x-1)$ UBA Bank ATM cards and $3(x+1)$ Zenith ATM cards. If the probability of picking a First Bank ATM is $\frac{2}{5}$, how many UBA Bank ATM cards are in the bag?

- A. 3
- B. 8
- C. 9
- D. 20

14. A student dropped an object from a building 100m high. If the height of the object above ground after t seconds is $100-4.9t^2$ m. How fast is it falling 3 seconds after it is dropped?

- A. 14.7 m/sec
- B. 85.3 m/sec
- C. 29.4 m/sec
- D. 70.6 m/sec

15. If $\log_{10} 4 = x$, express $\log_{10}(12.5)^2$ in terms of x .

- A. $4-3x$
- B. $4-6x$
- C. $4+3x$
- D. $4(1-x)$

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ANSWERS TO 2012/2013 MATHEMATICS QUESTIONS

1. B 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. B 6. D 7. C 8. C 9. B
10. C

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EBSU 2013/2014 MATHEMATICS QUESTIONS

1. Simplify $\sqrt[5]{(243)^{-1}x^5}$

- A. $\frac{x}{3}$
 B. $\frac{3}{x}$
 C. $-\frac{x}{3}$
 D. $-\frac{3}{x}$

2. Without using tables, evaluate

$$(125)^{-\frac{1}{3}} \times (0.49) - 2 \times (0.01)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

- A. $\frac{7}{20}$
 B. $\frac{20}{7}$
 C. $\frac{5}{7}$
 D. $\frac{7}{5}$

3. Convert 1231_4 to a number in base 6.

- A. 105_6
 B. 301_6
 C. 103_6
 D. 501_6

4. Find the slope of the curve

$$y = 3x^3 + 5x^2 - 3 \text{ at } (-, 5)$$

- A. 1
 B. -1
 C. 19
 D. -19

5. Find the area of the region bounded by

$$y = x^2 - x - 2 \text{ and axis.}$$

- A. $\frac{9}{2}$
 B. $-\frac{9}{2}$
 C. $\frac{8}{3}$
 D. $\frac{16}{3}$

6. The minimum of $y = x^2 - 4x - 5$ is

- A. 2
 B. -2

- C. 13
 D. -13

7. Make x the subject of the relation

$$y = 3 - \ln x$$

A. e^{2-y}

B. e^{y+3}

C. $\frac{y}{3}$

D. $\frac{3}{y}$

8. Find x, y for which $\begin{pmatrix} 2x & 4 \\ 3 & y \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$

- A. (1, -2)
 B. (1, 2)
 C. (-1, 2)
 D. (2, -1)

9. Simplify $\frac{\frac{1\frac{1}{2}}{2}}{2 \div (\frac{1}{4} \text{ of } 12)}$

A. $\frac{3}{256}$

B. $\frac{3}{32}$

C. 6

D. 85

10. The probability of either event A or B is $\frac{5}{6}$, while that of event is $\frac{1}{6}$. If the probability of both A and B is $\frac{1}{2}$, what is the probability of event A?

A. $\frac{3}{4}$

B. $\frac{5}{6}$

C. $\frac{1}{4}$

D. $\frac{3}{5}$

11. The chances of three independent

events X, Y, Z occurring are $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{4}$

respectively. What are the chances of Y and Z only occurring?

- A. $\frac{1}{8}$
 B. $\frac{1}{24}$
 C. $\frac{1}{12}$
 D. $\frac{1}{4}$

12. Some red balls were put in a basket containing 12 white balls and 16 blue balls. If the probability of picking a red ball from the basket is $\frac{3}{7}$, how many red balls were introduced?

- A. 13
 B. 20
 C. 12
 D. 21

13. Find the coordinates of the mid-point of the line joining (2, 7) and (1, -6)

- A. $(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{13}{2})$
 B. $(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$
 C. $(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$
 D. $(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{13}{2})$

14. An equilateral triangle of sides 2cm is inscribed in a circle. Find the area of the circle.

- A. $4\pi cm^2$
 B. $8\pi cm^2$
 C. $\frac{4}{3}\pi cm^2$
 D. $\frac{3}{4}\pi cm^2$

15. The chord PQ of a circle is equal to the radius, r of the circle Find the length of the arc PQ.

- A. $\frac{3\pi}{4}$
 B. $\frac{\pi r}{4}$
 C. $\frac{\pi r}{3}$
 D. $\frac{\pi r}{6}$

ANSWERS TO 2013/2014 MATHEMATICS QUESTIONS

1. A 2. B 3. B 4. B 5. - 6. A 7. A 8. A 9. C
 10. 11. D 12. D 13. B 14. D 15. C

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EBSU 2014/2015 MATHEMATICS QUESTIONS

1. The average of three numbers is 32_5 . If the sum of two of the numbers is 131_4 , find the third number in base 6.

- A. 43_6
- B. 34_6
- C. 23_6
- D. 32_6

2. Three times the second term plus the seventh term of an AP is equal to the twelfth term. Find the relationship between the first term a and the common difference d .

- A. $3a - 2d = 0$
- B. $3a + 2d = 0$
- C. $3a + d = 0$
- D. $3a - d = 0$

3. A fence of 36m is to be built to make three sides of a rectangular compound, the fourth side being a building. Find the possible length of the shorter sides of the compound if the area enclosed is $160m^2$.

- A. 20m, 10m
- B. 16m, 8m
- C. 20m, 16m
- D. 10m, 8m

4. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = 2x^2 - \sin 2x$

- A. $4x + 2\cos x$
- B. $4x - 2\cos 2x$
- C. $4x + 2\cos 2x$
- D. $4x - 2\cos x$

5. A bag contains $4x$ first bank ATM cards, $(2x - 1)$ UBA bank ATM cards and $3(x - 1)$, Zenith bank ATM cards. If the probability of picking a First bank ATM is $\frac{2}{5}$, how many UBA bank ATM cards are in the bag?

- A. 3
- B. 8
- C. 9
- D. 20

6. Express the product of 0.000128 and 0.00125 in standard form

- A. 1.6×10^{-11}
- B. 1.6×10^{-5}
- C. 1.6×10^{-7}
- D. 1.6×10^{-4}

7. Make x the subject of the relation $y = 3 - \ln x$

- A. e^{3-y}

- B. e^{y-3}
- C. $\frac{y}{3}$
- D. $\frac{3}{y}$

8. In the diagram below O is the centre of the circle of radius 42cm. Find the area of the shaded portion (Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$).

- A. $903cm^2$
- B. $441cm^2$
- C. $464cm^2$
- D. $21cm^2$

9. A student dropped an object from a building 100m high. If the height of the object above the ground after t seconds is $100 + 4.9t^2m$, how fast is it falling 3 seconds after it is dropped?

- A. 14.7 m/sec
- B. 85.3 m/sec
- C. 29.4 m/sec
- D. 70.6 m/sec

10. An investor who invested ₦6,500/00 at some simple interest rate collected a total amount of ₦7,800.00 after four years. How much simple interest would he have collected after two years if he had invested ₦9,000,00?

- A. ₦1,000.00
- B. ₦10,000.00
- C. ₦5,400.00
- D. ₦900.00

11. Differentiate $(\cos \theta + \sin \theta)^2$ with respect to θ

- A. $2\cos 2\theta$
- B. $2\sin 2\theta$
- C. $-2\cos 2\theta$
- D. $-2\sin 2\theta$

12. If the sum of the roots of the equation $2x^2 - 5px + 8 = 0$ is five times the product of the roots, find the value of p .

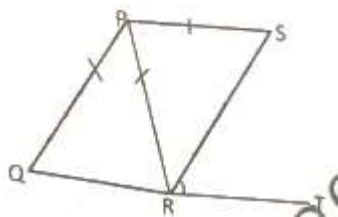
- A. -8
- B. $\frac{1}{2}$
- C. 8
- D. $-\frac{1}{2}$

13. Find the area of the region enclosed by the curve $y = 2 - x^2$ and the line $y = -x$

- A. $\frac{3}{2}$
- B. 9
- C. 3

D $9/2$

14. In the figure below, $\angle PQR = \angle PRS = \angle PSR$ and $\angle SRT = 72^\circ$. Find $\angle QPS$



15. If $x - 1$ is a factor of $3x^2 - px^2 + 5x - 3p$, find the value of p

- A. -2
- B. 2
- C. $1/2$
- D. $-1/2$

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ANSWERS TO 2014/2015 MATHEMATICS QUESTIONS

1. B 2. A 3. D 4. B 5. A 6. C 7. A 8. D 9. C
10. C 11. A 12. C 13. D 14. C 15. B

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EBSU 2015/2016 MATHEMATICS QUESTIONS

1. Find n if $31410 - 2567 = 340n$
 A. 7
 B. 8
 C. 9
 D. 10
2. What is the difference between 1.867551 correct to four significant figures and 1.867551 correct to four decimal places?
 A. 5×10^{-3}
 B. 4×10^{-4}
 C. 5×10^{-4}
 D. 10×10^{-3}
3. In an examination, all the candidates offered at least one of English and French, if 52% offered French and 65% offered English, what percentage offered French only?
 A. 17%
 B. 35%
 C. 48%
 D. 45%
4. Simplify $2x^2 + x - 8\sqrt{6x^3 + 5x^2 - 8x - 3}$
 A. $3x - 1$
 B. $1 - 3x$
 C. $3x + 1$
 D. $-(3x + 1)$
5. Find the range of values of x satisfying the inequalities $2x - 5 < 7$ and $25 + 2x > 15$
 A. $5 < x < 6$
 B. $-5 < x < 6$
 C. $-6 < x < 5$
 D. $-6 < x < -5$
6. If the 8th term of an A.P is three times the second term and the sum of the first three term is 18, find the first term of the A.P
 A. 4
 B. 2
 C. 8
 D. 3
7. Find the sum to infinity of the series $4 + 3 + \frac{9}{4} + \frac{27}{16} + \dots$
 A. 16
 B. $\frac{27}{16}$
 C. 1
 D. 8
8. A chord of a circle of radius 10cm is drawn 8cm from the centre of the circle. Find the length of the **chord**.
 A. 6
 B. $2\sqrt{41}$
 C. 12
 D. $\sqrt{41}$
9. Find the equation of the line which passes through $(-2, 1)$ and is perpendicular to the line $4x - 2y + 1 = 0$
 A. $2y - x - 4 = 0$
 B. $2y + x = 0$
 C. $2y - x = 0$
 D. $y - 2x - 5 = 0$
10. If a line is parallel to the line $2y - rx + 4 = 0$ and perpendicular to the line $4y + x - 28 = 0$, then the value of r is _____.
 A. 4
 B. 8
 C. -8
 D. -4
- 11.
- | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|---|----|----|----|---|
| Score | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| No of Student | 2 | 8 | 14 | 16 | 12 | 8 |
- The distribution above shows the scores of sixty (60) students in a class test. What percentage of the students scored at least 3?
 A. 60%
 B. 36%
 C. 66%
 D. 40%
12. The first derivative of $y = (2 + 3x)^4$ at $x = -1$ is _____.
 A. 12
 B. -12
 C. 4
 D. -4
13. The minimum value of $f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 5$ in the interval $[1, -1]$ is
 A. -2
 B. 10
 C. 4
 D. 5

14. The table **BELOW** shows the marks scored by a group of students in a class test. If the mean score is 3.4, find x .

| | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---|---|-----|---|
| Score | 1 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 6 |
| Frequency | 3 | 6 | 7 | x | 4 |

- A. 3
- B. 4
- C. 5
- D. 2

15. A company is to select three different handset phones from five different types of Nokia brand and two different types of Samsung brand. In how many ways can the company choose the handsets, so as to include at least one Samsung brand?

- A. 15
- B. 25
- C. 35
- D. 45

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ANSWERS TO 2015/2016 MATHEMATICS QUESTIONS

1. A 2. B 3. B 4. C 5. B 6. A 7. A 8. C 9. B
10. B 11. A 12. B 13. A 14. C 15. B

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EBSU 2009/2010 GOVERNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Citizenship can be acquired by
 - A. nationalism
 - B. indigenization
 - C. naturalization
 - D. communalism

7. In a unitary system of government, power is derived from
 - A. a rigid constitution
 - B. the judiciary
 - C. the executive head of state
 - D. one source of authority

3. The powers allocated to the central government in a federation are primarily contained in the
 - A. central legislative list
 - B. exclusive legislative list
 - C. residual legislative list
 - D. concurrent legislative list

4. A constitution is said to be rigid if it
 - A. can only be interpreted by the military
 - B. is written by difficult authors
 - C. cannot be amended by the Executive
 - D. has cumbersome provisions for its amendment

5. Which of the following political parties in Nigeria formed the opposition in the House of Representative during the First Republic?
 - A. NCNC and AG
 - B. NCNC and UNIBC
 - C. NPC and-AG
 - D. AG and UMBC

6. Red-Tapism in the civil service refers to
 - A. the use of red tapes on documents
 - B. slowness of action
 - C. the cooperation between civil servants and politicians
 - D. the politicization of the civil service

7. One of the functions of political parties is to
 - A. make laws
 - B. declare a state of emergency
 - C. interpret the constitution
 - D. aggregate interest

8. Africa became the centre-piece of Nigeria's foreign policy under the regime of
 - A. Tafawa Balewa
 - B. Yakubu Gowon

- C. Murtala Muhammed
- D. Shehu Shagari

9. Which of the following is not an OPEC member state?

- A. Nigeria
- B. Indonesia
- C. Venezuela
- D. Ghana

10. Which of the following is of permanent in International Politics?

- A. Bilateral relationship
- B. Economic Aid
- C. Friendship
- D. Permanent Interest

ANSWERS TO 2009/2010 GOVERNMENT QUESTIONS

1. C 2. D 3. B 4. D 5. D 6. B 7, D 8. C 9. D
10. A

No POST-UTME IN EBSU BETWEEN 2010-2011

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EBSU 2012/2013 GOVERNMENT QUESTIONS

1. Government is different from other political organizations because
 - A. it has legitimate power over citizens
 - B. its officials have fixed terms of office
 - C. it can punish those who violate rules
 - D. it is made up of elected officials
2. The official report of proceedings parliament is known as the
 - A. Hansard
 - B. diary of event
 - C. gazette
 - D. summary of proceedings
3. During the second republic in Nigeria, the branch of the legislature responsible for ratifying presidential nominees for appointments was the
 - A. Senate
 - B. Council of states
 - C. House of Representatives
 - D. Public Service Commission
4. The simple plurality electoral system is often criticized because
 - A. the ruling party may lose the election
 - B. the winner may not poll an absolute majority
 - C. it works against all opposition parties
 - D. It is easy to rig
5. In the Igbo political system, authority was shared among
 - A. men and women with Ozo title
 - B. all age groups and warrant chiefs
 - C. elders of the community and Ofo title holders
 - D. title holders and age groups
6. One of the legacies of pre-colonial Nigeria destroyed by the British was the
 - A. peace and harmony in the land
 - B. nation's farmland
 - C. education of the local people
 - D. indigenous cultures of the people
7. The 1979 Constitution established the
 - A. Federal Civil Defence Corps
 - B. National Human Right Commission
 - C. Federal Road Safety Commission
 - D. National Population Commission
8. The Arthur Richards Constitution was designed to last for
 - A. six years
 - B. twelve years
 - C. five years
 - D. nine years
9. One of the reasons advanced for the overthrow of the Gowon Regime was its failure to
 - A. promote some officers of the armed forces
 - B. honour the promise to hand over power
 - C. create new state
 - D. try politicians in detention
10. The most important challenge facing the Fourth Republic is
 - A. the need to develop Nigeria
 - B. how to develop Nigeria's social institution
 - C. how to deal with the military
 - D. the successful conduct of the 2003 elections
11. The day-to-day operation of public corporation is the direct responsibility of the
 - A. Management
 - B. union workers
 - C. supervising ministry
 - D. board of directors
12. A typical form of delegated legislation is
 - A. act of parliament
 - B. decree
 - C. bye-law
 - D. gazette
13. Nigeria observed the principle of collective responsibility between
 - A. 1993 and 1999
 - B. 1985 and 1993
 - C. 1979 and 1983
 - D. 1960 and 1966
14. Under the independence constitution of Nigeria, Dr. Nnamdi Azikiwe was
 - A Head of State
 - B. Governor-General
 - C. Prime Minister
 - D. Lieutenant - Governor
15. The two leaders that played the most prominent roles in the formation of ECOWAS were
 - A. Acheampong and Jawara
 - B. Gowon and Eyadema

C. Kerekou and Tubman
D. Kounche and Senghor

ANSWERS TO 2012/2013 GOVERNMENT QUESTIONS

1. A 2. A 3. A 4. D 5. D 6. D 7. D 8. C 9. B

10. B 11. D 12. C 13. D 14. B 15. B

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EBSU 2014/2015 GOVERNMENT QUESTIONS

1. A major issue that distinguishes pressure group from political parties is
 - A. Membership drive
 - B. voting pattern
 - C. ideology
 - D. objective
2. Centralization of power is the basic feature of
 - A. Unitary govern
 - B. A presidential system
 - C. confidential
 - D. Federalism
3. The structure of the civil service is based on
 - A. Patronage system
 - B. Hierarchical organization
 - C. Lateral organization
 - D. Merit system
4. A law passed by the legislature and assented to by the executive is
 - A. presidential proclamation
 - B. decree
 - C. A legislative order
 - D. An act
5. A common feature of a multi-party system is that government is formed by
 - A. The major political party
 - B. A coalition of political parties
 - C. All the registered political parties
 - D. The party with the highest vote
6. A major way off maintaining confidence in the electoral process is by ensuring that
 - A. Unlimited franchise is observed
 - B. Electoral officer are regularly trained
 - C. Elections are conducted in a free and fair atmosphere
 - D. Elections are conducted as and when due
7. One of the features of a sovereign state is that it
 - A. is not indebted to other countries
 - B. has a large number of soldiers
 - C. practices the presidential system of government
 - D. has the capacity to defend itself from external aggression
8. Proportional representation is a system of allocating seats in the legislature based on
 - A. gender participation in politics
 - B. contribution to the national economy
 - C. total votes in an election
 - D. An area's involvement in politics
9. One major factor that differentiates the presidential from the parliamentary system is ____
 - A. passage of bills
 - B. separation of powers
 - C. party system
 - D. judicial independence
10. One major disadvantage of public opinion is that
 - A. gossip and rumours thrive
 - B. the critics of government policies are always harassed
 - C. leaders are unnecessarily criticized
 - D. a vocal minority claims to represent the majority
11. The absence of the rule of law in government will bring about
 - A. political apathy
 - B. treasonably offences
 - C. human rights abuse
 - D. corruption practices
12. oligarchy is a form of government which
 - A. disregards the views of the minority
 - B. enhances the electoral chances of the majority
 - C. protects the interest of the common people
 - D. enhances the interest of the ruling few
13. A major consequence of proportional representation is that it
 - A. Discourages voting along ethnic lines
 - B. Favours the development of a two-party system
 - C. Encourages the proliferation parties
 - D. Reduces the chances of political instability
14. The principle of checks and balances reinforces separation of powers in order to
 - A. Prevent an unconditional change of government
 - B. Prevent the emergence of dictatorship
 - D. Protect the powers of the executive

15. To qualify for absorption into administration cadre of the civil service in Nigeria, an applicant must be
- A. knowledgeable in civil service rules
 - B. a senior civil servant
 - C. specifically trained in public administration
 - D. a holder of a first university degree

ANSWERS TO EBSU 2014/2015 GOVERNMENT QUESTIONS

1. D 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. B 6. A 7. D 8. C 9. B
10. D 11. C 12. D 13. C 14. C 15. D

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EBSU 2015/2016 GOVERNMENT QUESTIONS

NOTE: SAME QUESTIONS AS 2014/2015

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 - D. a vocal minority claims to represent the majority
11. The absence of the rule of law in government will bring about
 - A. political apathy
 - B. treasonably offences
 - C. human rights abuse
 - D. corruption practices
12. oligarchy is a form of government which
 - A. disregards the views of the minority
 - B. enhances the electoral chances of the majority
 - C. protects the interest of the common people
 - D. enhances the interest of the ruling few
13. A major consequence of proportional representation is that it
 - A. Discourages voting along ethnic lines
 - B. Favours the development of a two-party system
 - C. Encourages the proliferation parties
 - D. Reduces the chances of political instability
14. The principle of checks and balances reinforces separation of powers in order to
 - A. Prevent an unconditional change of government
 - B. Prevent the emergence of dictatorship

D. Protect the powers of the executive

15. To qualify for absorption into administration cadre of the civil service in Nigeria, an applicant must be

A. knowledgeable in civil service rules

B. a senior civil servant

C. specifically trained in public administration

D. a holder of a first university degree

SOLUTION TO EBSU 2015/2016 GOVERNMENT QUESTIONS

1. D 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. B 6. A 7. D 8. C 9. B

10. D 11. C 12. D 13. C 14. C 15. D

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EBSU 2009/2010 C.R.S QUESTIONS

1. The prohibition against eating the forbidden fruit stresses God's _____.

- A. power in the creation of man
- B. Lordship and man's obedience
- C. foreknowledge and man's fall
- D. authority to rule over man

2. The king who promised to supply King Solomon cedar and cypress timber for the building of the nu of the Lord, God of David was

- A. Hiram
- B. Hiddai
- C. Hiel
- D. Hirah

3. The High priest who found the b of the Law during the reign of E Josiah was

- A. Hazaiah
- B. Hopher
- C. Hilkiah
- D. Heldai

4. When Zerubbabel and Joshua son of the Jozadaki began to rebuild the house of God which was in Jerusalem, they were assisted

- A. Haggai and Zachariah
- B. Mithredath and Tobael
- C. the prophets of God in Jerusalem
- D. the priests of God is Jerusalem

5. What does the "Cup" mean in the gospel of Mathew? It means a

- A. water container for drinking
- B. cup of blessing from God
- C. metaphor referring to suffering
- D. metaphor referring to crucifixion

6. The disciples were called Christian for the first time in

- A. Samaria
- B. Ephesus
- C. Antioch
- D. Caesarea

7. "Set apart for me Barnabas and Saul for the work to which I have called them" God spoke these words to the _____.

- A. Church in Antioch
- B. prophets in Antioch
- C. Saints and prophets in Antioch
- D. prophets and teachers in Antioch

8. According to Luke, Jesus sent the seventy others on mission as

- A. labourers and reapers in the field
- B. lambs in the mist of wolves
- C. preachers of the kingdom of God
- D. messengers in the vine yard

9. "Teacher rebuke your disciples", Luke says that the statement was made during the triumphant entry by the _____.

- A. Sadducees
- B. Pharisees
- C. Scribes
- D. High priest

10. When Jesus met his disciples behind closed doors for fear of the Jews, according to John he _____.

- A. gave them the Holy Spirit
- B. breathed new life in them
- C. ate bread with them and departed
- D. laid hands on them and blessed them

ANSWERS TO EBSU 2009/2010 C.R.S QUESTIONS

1. C 2. A 3. C 4. C 5. C 6. C 7. A 8. B 9. B

10. A

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EBSU 2012/2013 C.R.S QUESTIONS

1. Where did the Lord appear to Solomon in a dream?
 - A. Horeb
 - B. Gibeon
 - C. Gath
 - D. Jericho

2. The division of David's kingdom was a direct consequence of
 - A. Absalom's revolt
 - B. Jeroboam's revolt
 - C. Solomon's forced labour
 - D. Rehoboam's unwise decision

3. Amos told the Israelites that if have turned justice into
 - A. injustice
 - B. poison
 - C. wormwood
 - D. anguish

4. How did God convince Jeremiah his divine call?
 - A. He anointed him with oil
 - B. He spoke to him directly from heaven
 - C. He sent a prophet to inform him
 - D. He touched his mouth

5. The vision of the dry Ezekiel portrays
 - A. famine
 - B. hope
 - C. punishment
 - D. judgement

6. When the man with an unclean spirit in the region of the Gerasene saw Jesus, he
 - A. acknowledged him as the Son of the Most High God
 - B. pleaded to be cast into the Abyss
 - C. requested to follow as a disciple
 - D. pleaded that a miracle be performed to cleanse him

7. The man appointed by the Holy Ghost to go on the missionary journey with Saul was
 - A. Lucius
 - B. Barnabas
 - C. Peter
 - D. Mark

8. According to Jesus, every branch of tree that bears fruit, He would prune. Branch in this context refers to
 - A. Man
 - B. Angel
 - C. the Jews
 - D. the Gentiles

9. In the story of stilling the storm, the disciples were surprised because
 - A. Jesus was deeply asleep in the boat while the storm raged
 - B. Jesus rebuked them for lack of faith
 - C. the wind and the sea obeyed Jesus
 - D. the storm disturbed the boat even with Jesus in it

10. The teachers of the law accused Jesus of blasphemy because He
 - A. claimed to have power to heal the sick
 - B. declared that He had authority to forgive sin
 - C. said sin was the cause of sickness
 - D. called Himself Son of Man

11. What did God create on the fourth day? God created:
 - A. light in the firmament of heavens
 - B. firmament in the midst of the waters
 - C. waters under the heavens gathered together
 - D. the two great lights to rule the day and night

12. "Test your servants for ten days, let us be given vegetables to eat and water to drink" the statement made to
 - A. the king
 - B. Eunuchs
 - C. Steward
 - D. The chief guard

13. "Rabbi, who sinned, this man or his parents that he was born blind?" The question was asked by
 - A. the disciples
 - B. the Jews
 - C. Peter
 - D. Andrew

14. The woman who had haemorrhage was healed by
 - A. Jesus' power
 - B. Jesus' garment
 - C. Her ingenuity
 - D. Her strong faith

15. Simon Peter asked Jesus to depart us from him because he was _____.

- A. a sinful man
- B. stark naked
- C. astonished
- D. fisherman

ANSWERS TO EBSU 2012/2013 C.R.S QUESTIONS

1. B 2. D 3. C 4. D 5. B 6. A 7. B 8. A 9. C

10. B 11. A 12. D 13. A 14. D 15. A

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EBSU 2014/2015 C.R.S QUESTIONS

1. God blessed and hallowed the seventh day because
 - A. It was the day he rested from creation
 - B. It was the day he created man
 - C. He wanted it to be a day of worship
 - D. He saw that all He had created was good

2. Noah's ark was sustained during the flood by its
 - A. resting on the highest mountains
 - B. being rowed on the water
 - C. floating on the water
 - D. being anchored safely

3. God visited the children of Israel on Mount Sinai during the giving the commandments through
 - A. a storm
 - B. mist and dew
 - C. smoke and fire
 - D. a still small voice

4. When asked to interpret Pharaoh's dream, Joseph was first to respond
 - A. "God has revealed to Pharaoh what He is about to do"
 - B. "It is not in me; God will give Pharaoh a favourable answer."
 - C. "God will shortly bring it to pass"
 - D. Let Pharaoh select a man discrete and wise"

5. When Joshua fell upon his face during Israel's defeat at Ai, God told him to rise and
 - A. Send more courageous soldiers to Ai
 - B. Encourage the people
 - C. Pray fervently against their enemies
 - D. Sanctify the people

6. God guided Abraham's steward in choosing a wife for Isaac by
 - A. Teaching him how to select a good woman
 - B. Leading a lady to fulfil his prayer request
 - C. Taking him to Abraham's fatherland
 - D. giving him an exemplary woman

7. Why God angry with Eli?
 - A. Eli's sons disregarded the people's warning
 - B. Eli's sons were wicked people
 - C. Eli's sons dishonoured God and he treated them with levity
 - D. Eli's sons were appointed as priests against God's will

8. Laxity in disciplining children is dangerous to both the family and the society as exemplified by
 - A. Jonathan
 - B. Tamar
 - C. Absalom
 - D. Ahikam

9. God promised Abraham that nations of the earth shall be blessed through him because
 - A. he had obeyed Him
 - B. his descendants had obeyed Him
 - C. of his kindness to Hagar
 - D. of his exemplary leadership

10. The punishment for Adam and Eve's sin was that they
 - A. were driven out of the garden
 - B. would be naked forever
 - C. would never fellowship with God
 - D. would be enemies of crawling animals

11. "Do not destroy him, for who can stretch out his hand on the LORD'S anointed and be guiltless?"
 - A. Alisha is command
 - B. Saul's leadership
 - C. Samuel's priesthood
 - D. Elijah's prophethood

12. Saul's decision to consult a medium displayed his lack of
 - A. faith in his army
 - B. faith in God
 - C. leadership qualities
 - D. respect for the dead

13. Solomon made his most unwise decision by engaging in
 - A. marriages to foreign woman
 - B. alliances with his brothers
 - C. so many wars of conquest
 - D. developmental works

14. The man of God whose word was ignored by kings Ahab and Jehoshaphat was
 - A. Elijah
 - B. Zedekiah
 - C. Malachi
 - D. Micaiah

15. Baal did not answer his worshippers at the contest on Mount camel because he
- A. was annoyed with their sacrifice
 - B. did not hear
 - C. wanted to disgrace his worshippers
 - D. was asleep

ANSWERS TO EBSU 2014/2015 C.R.S QUESTIONS

1. A 2. C 3. C 4. B 5. B 6. C 7. C 8. C 9. A

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ANSWERS TO EBSU 2015/2016 C.R.S QUESTIONS

1. A 2. C 3. C 4. B 5. B 6. C 7. C 8. C 9. A

10. A 11. B 12. B 13. A 14. D 15. B

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EBSU 2009/2010 ECONOMICS QUESTIONS

Indicate the correct option in each of following questions

1. Developments outside a given firm which reduce the firm's costs called

- A. internal economics
- B. external economics
- C. external diseconomies
- D. Optimum effects

2. If at 10k per kg, 1000kg of yam were purchased and at 5k per kg, 1500kg were purchased, the resultant point elasticity of demand is

- A. 0.33
- B. 0.0001
- C. 1
- D. 10000

3. A situation in which all inputs doubled and output also doubles known as

- A. constant proportions
- B. constant returns
- C. increasing returns to scale
- D. constant returns to scale

4. Economic goods are termed scarce goods when they are

- A. not available in sufficient quantities to satisfy all wants for them
- B. not produced in sufficient quantities to satisfy the effective demand for them
- C. of high quality
- D. of primary importance in satisfying the needs of society

5. Which of the following situations can give rise to economic problems?

- A. unlimited human wants
- B. wants of varying importance
- C. limited means available for satisfying wants
- D. means used in different ways

6. In the long run, all production factors are

- A. fixed
- B. semi-fixed
- C. variable
- D. semi-variable

7. The advantages which firms obtain directly from expanding their operations are referred to as

- A. internal economies of scale
- B. external economies of scale
- C. economies of localization
- D. economies of resource allocation

8. The effect of changes in the condition of demand on a demand schedule are with the price constant is a

- A. movement along the demand curve
- B. deflation of the demand curve
- C. hyperbola formation by the demand curve
- D. shift of the demand curve

9. If a demand curve that intersects a perfectly inelastic supply curve shifts rightward, then

- A. the equilibrium price and quantity will increase
- B. only the price will increase
- C. only quantity will increase
- D. the price will remain constant

10. If the cost of production for a firm continues to increase as its output rises, the firm is said to be experiencing

- A. A large scale production
- B. profit maximization
- C. economies of scale
- D. diseconomies of scale

ANSWERS TO EBSU 2009/2010 POST UTME FOR ECONOMICS

1. B 2. C 3. D 4. A 5. C 6. C 7. A 8. D 9. B

10. D

There was no POST-UTME in EBSU between 2010-2011

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EBSU 2012/2013 ECONOMICS QUESTIONS

1. Economic goods are termed scare goods when they are
 - A. Not available in sufficient quantities to satisfy all wants for them
 - B. Not produced in sufficient quantities to satisfy the effective demand of them
 - C. Of high quality
 - D. Of primary importance in satisfying the needs of a society
2. If units of a variable factor are increasingly added to a fixed factor and the marginal physical product keeps increasing, production is said to be taking place under condition of
 - A. Increasing returns to the variable factor
 - B. Increasing returns to scale
 - C. Constant returns to the variable factor
 - D. External economies of scale
3. The ordinary partner in a partnership
 - A. Takes no active part in management of the business
 - B. Has limited liability in case of business failure
 - C. Has unlimited liability in case of business failure
 - D. Cannot be sued personally on matters relating to the business
4. A possible factor which limits the extent of growth of a firm is the
 - A. Existence of monopoly
 - B. Bureaucratic delays in decision making
 - C. Use of by-products
 - D. Unwillingness to share ownership and control
5. A disadvantage of a joint-stock company is
 - A. Unlimited liability
 - B. Limited liability
 - C. Continuity
 - D. Loss of controlling interest
6. An effect of inflation is that it
 - A. discourages trade by barter
 - B. favours debtors at the expense of creditors
 - C. increases the real income of salary earners
 - D. increases the value of a country's export
7. Budget deficit is the amount by which
 - A. Total expenditure exceeds revenue
 - B. Recurrent expenditure exceeds revenue
 - C. Capital expenditure exceeds revenue
 - D. Recurrent expenditure exceeds capital expenditure
8. Under flexible exchange rates, a deficit could be corrected by
 - A. Freezing the gold point
 - B. Appreciation of other currencies
 - C. Removing export subsidies
 - D. Removing tariffs
9. If W stands for wages/salaries, P for profit, R for interest and Z for rent on land and real estate, then national income is
 - A. $W - P - R - Z$
 - B. $W + P + Z - R$
 - C. $P - R - Z + W$
 - D. $W + P + R + Z$
10. A major obstacle to economic development is
 - A. A rise in industrial output
 - B. Low farm productivity
 - C. Free trade
 - D. Ineffective trade union?
11. The stock exchange is a market for buying and selling of
 - A. new shares
 - B. existing shares
 - C. treasury bills
 - D. monetary investments
12. Economic growth means
 - A. the growth of goods and services
 - B. the growth of opportunities to satisfy economic wants
 - C. the growth of productive resources
 - D. the growth of production
13. Which of the following factors enhances the ability of commercial banks to create money?
 - A. reduction in the reserve ratio
 - B. leakage of cash out of the banking system
 - C. excess reserves
 - D. insistence of collateral security
14. Capital provided by individuals to a firm by purchasing stocks is called
 - A. debt capital

- B. fixed capital
- C. circulating capital
- D. equity capital

15. Which of the following situations can give rise to economic problems?

- A. unlimited human wants
- B. wants of varying importance
- C. limited means available satisfying wants
- D. means used in different ways

ANSWERS TO EBSU 2012/2013 ECONOMICS QUESTIONS

1. - 2. A 3. C 4. D 5. D 6. B 7. A 8. B 9. D

10. B 11. B 12. D 13. A 14. D 15. -

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EBSU 2013/2014 ECONOMICS QUESTIONS

1. An economic problem exists whenever
 - A. There is scarcity and choice
 - B. There are no buyers for our goods
 - C. There are too many sellers
 - D. Many people are out of work
 - E. All raw materials are imported

2. The age distribution of a population is NOT influenced by
 - A. Birth rates
 - B. Death rates
 - C. Patterns of immigration
 - D. Patterns of emigration
 - E. School leaving age

3. Warehousing facilities in the distribution and marketing of products are provided by
 - A. Manufacturers
 - B. Wholesalers
 - C. Retailers
 - D. Consumers
 - E. Sellers

4. The purchasing power of the Naira will fall when
 - A. The Naira is devalued
 - B. Government cuts all salaries and wages
 - C. There is inflation
 - D. The colour of the Naira is changed
 - E. Workers are retrenched

5. The Petro-chemical industries are located in Rivers State of Nigeria due to
 - A. Favourable climate
 - B. Favourable climate
 - C. Oil deposits
 - D. Palm oil products
 - E. Coal deposit

6. Tax which is levied on goods manufactured, sold or used within the country is
 - A. Sales tax
 - B. Excise
 - C. Direct tax
 - D. Income tax
 - E. Poll tax

7. How many National Development Plans did Nigeria have between 1960 and 1984?
 - A. One
 - B. Two
 - C. Four
 - D. Five

- E. Six

8. Which of the following is NOT a part of the fixed cost of a limited liability company?
 - A. Interest on loans
 - B. Rent on buildings
 - C. Depreciation reserves
 - D. Management expenditure
 - E. Wages

9. The act of combining factor inputs in order to obtain specific output is known as
 - A. Factor procurement
 - B. Manufacturing
 - C. Investment
 - D. Industrialization
 - E. Production

10. When total revenue is at a maximum, marginal revenue is tax which is levied on goods manufactured, sold or used within the country is
 - A. Constant
 - B. Negative
 - C. Zero
 - D. Positive
 - E. Maximum

11. Which of the following items is subtracted when the Gross National Product (GNP) at factor cost, by the expenditure method?
 - A. consumption expenditure
 - B. indirect taxes
 - C. exports and property income from abroad
 - D. gross domestic fixed capital formation

12. A market is in disequilibrium if
 - A. the quantity purchased is greater than the quantity sold
 - B. the quantity sold differs from the quantity purchased
 - C. at lower price, a larger quantity is sold
 - D. the quantity demanded differs from the quantity supplied

13. Under a system of freely fluctuating exchange rates, an increase in the international value of country's currency will cause
 - A. its exports to rise
 - B. its imports to rise
 - C. gold flow into the country
 - D. its currency to be in surplus

14. In macro-analysis, demand consists of

- A. group demand
- B. a single market demand
- C. all goods and services in the whole
- D. demands of households

15. Which of the following would not lead to a shift in demand curve for butter to the right?

- 1. A rise in the price of bread
- 2. An increase in the supply of margarine
- 3. An increase in the real income of the community
- 4. A switch from arable to pastoral farming in the country

- A. Items 1, 2, and 3 only
- B. Items 1, 2 and 4 only
- C. Items 2, 3 and 4 only
- D. None of them

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EBSU 2014/2015 ECONOMICS QUESTIONS

1. The shape of production frontiers is determined by
 - A. the increasing relative costs
 - B. returns to scale
 - C. diminishing returns to a fixed factor
 - D. increasing returns to a variable factor

2. A central argument of cardinal utility is
 - A. measurable
 - B. psychological
 - C. external factors
 - D. internal factors

3. If a total cost curve is plotted, marginal cost can be illustrated by the
 - A. slope of tangent to the curve at an: given point
 - B. U-shaped curve cutting the total cost curve at its lowest point
 - C. straight line from the origin to the mid-point of the curve
 - D. straight line cutting the curve at its highest point

4. One of the reasons for an exception demand curve is the
 - A. expectation of future change in price
 - B. availability of credit facilities
 - C. change in price of commodity
 - D. availability of substitutes

5. Short-run period in production is a period be short for a firm to be able to change its
 - A. scale of production
 - B. total revenue
 - C. variable inputs
 - D. total outputs

6. Under a floating exchange rate regime, the determinant of the exchange rate is
 - A. an Act of National Assembly
 - B. the highest denomination of the currency
 - C. demand for and supply of foreign goods
 - D. the system of government

7. In order to increase revenue, the seller of a commodity whose demand is elastic is advised to
 - A. increase price
 - B. reduce output
 - C. reduce price
 - D. retain price

8. An institution that regulates trade relations among members is the
 - A. ADB
 - B. OPEC
 - C. EU
 - D. II

9. A decision on input combination solves the economic problems of
 - A. how to produce
 - B. for whom to produce
 - C. when to produce
 - D. what to produce

10. If the short-run cost of a firm is U-shaped, the marginal and average costs are equal where the
 - A. average variable cost is minimum
 - B. marginal cost is falling
 - C. average cost is minimum
 - D. average fixed cost is falling

11. Correction in the GNP figures for price changes require the use of a
 - A. price deflator
 - B. price index
 - C. retail price index
 - D. producer price index

12. The gains from international trade are shared on the basis of the
 - A. quantity produced of each of the traded goods
 - B. cost of production of each of the traded goods
 - C. terms of trade
 - D. bilateral trade agreements

13. The labour force of a country best describes
 - A. the number of people employment
 - B. the number of people receiving pension
 - C. people within the retirement age
 - D. people within the working age

14. The output approach to the measuring national income is based on the computation of
 - A. final output
 - B. factor cost
 - C. value added
 - D. profits earned paid

15. A high rent on land will affect the cost of producing maize

- A. positively
- B. negatively
- C. at early stage of production
- D. at the later stage of production

ANSWERS TO EBSU 2014/2015 ECONOMICS QUESTIONS

1. A 2. A 3. A 4. A 5. A 6. C 7. C 8. C 9. A

10. A 11. A 12. C 13. D 14. A 15. B

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 - C. variable inputs
 - D. total outputs
6. Under a floating exchange rate regime, the determinant of the exchange rate is
 - A. an Act of National Assembly
 - B. the highest denomination of the currency
 - C. demand for and supply of foreign goods
 - D. the system of government
7. In order to increase revenue, the seller of a commodity whose demand is elastic is advised to
 - A. increase price
 - B. reduce output
 - C. reduce price
 - D. retain price
8. An institution that regulates trade relations among members is the
 - A. ADB
 - B. OPEC
 - C. EU
 - D. II
9. A decision on input combination solves the economic problems of
 - A. how to produce
 - B. for whom to produce
 - C. when to produce
 - D. what to produce
10. If the short-run cost of a firm is U-shaped, the marginal and average costs are equal where the
 - A. average variable cost is minimum
 - B. marginal cost is falling
 - C. average cost is minimum
 - D. average fixed cost is falling
11. Correction in the GNP figures for price changes require the use of a
 - A. price deflator
 - B. price index
 - C. retail price index
 - D. producer price index
12. The gains from international trade are shared on the basis of the
 - A. quantity produced of each of the traded goods
 - B. cost of production of each of the traded goods
 - C. terms of trade
 - D. bilateral trade agreements
13. The labour force of a country best describes
 - A. the number of people employment
 - B. the number of people receiving pension
 - C. people within the retirement age
 - D. people within the working age
14. The output approach to the measuring national income is based on the computation of
 - A. final output
 - B. factor cost
 - C. value added
 - D. profits earned paid

15. A high rent on land will affect the cost of producing maize

- A. positively
- B. negatively
- C. at early stage of production
- D. at the later stage of production

ANSWERS TO EBSU 2015/2016 ECONOMICS QUESTIONS

1. A 2. A 3. A 4. A 5. A 6. C 7. C 8. C 9. A

10. A 11. A 12. C 13. D 14. A 15. B

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EBSU 2009/2010 LIT-IN-ENGLISH QUESTIONS

1. In literature generally, a stock character is a character
 - A. who plays the role of a stock
 - B. broker or merchant
 - C. whose actions, speech style and role are predictable
 - D. Whose manner is as stiff as a d stock fish

2. A light or amusing interlude inserted in the middle of a trap play is called.
 - A. comic relief
 - B. pungent interlude
 - C. panorama
 - D. digression

3. When one author produces a mocking invitation of another author's work, we call his product
 - A. a conceit
 - B. an aggression
 - C. a contrast
 - D. a parody

4. A type of poem which may be sun and which embodies a tale is called
 - A. sentimental poem
 - B. sonorous poetry
 - C. musical interlude
 - D. a ballad

5. Ladejo turned her, his befuddle look entreating to give the appropriate response. Sade's mother sat on her seat's edge, fidgeting nervously her dress... The hall was mute with consternation. A pin drop at that moment could have caused a stampede. Drummer's held their drumsticks ready... A word from her and hell would be let loose.
 - A. cajoling
 - B. frightening
 - C. threatening
 - D. expectant

6. Fear no more the heat of the sun nor the furious winter's rages;
 Thou thy worldly task has done,
 Home art gone, and taken thy wages.
 Golden lads and girls all must, As Chimney sweepers, come to dust.
 William Shakespeare: ***Fear No More***

The persona addressed in the above extract

 - A. is preparing to forecast the weather
 - B. has just been paid his salary

- C. is dead
- D. is a young lad who likes playing in the dust

7. Lakunle: A savage custom, barbaric, out-of-date, rejected, denounced, accursed, excommunicated, archaic, degrading, humiliating, unspeakable, redundant, retrogressive... Lakunle is being
 - A. amorous and elated
 - B. tautological and hyperbolic
 - C. sociological and historical
 - D. oppressive and dictatorial

GENERAL LITERARY PRINCIPLES

8. Poetry is distinguished from prose fiction in that it
 - A. uses puns and persona
 - B. injects emotion and sentiment
 - C. does not have a hero
 - D. uses rhyme and meter

9. An actor's speech which is not supposed to be heard by his fellow actors on the stage is called
 - A. a complaint
 - B. an anamnesis
 - C. an aside
 - D. a rhetorical question

10. A literary work whose main inculcate a lesson or a moral is said to be
 - A. didactic
 - B. constructive
 - C. derivative
 - D. clarificative

ANSWERS TO EBSU 2009/2010 LITE-IN-ENGLISH QUESTIONS

1. C 2. A 3. D 4. D 5. D 6. C 7. B 8. D 9. C
10. A

THERE WAS NO POST-UTME IN EBSU BETWEEN 2010-2011

EBSU 2012/2013 LIT-IN-ENGLISH QUESTIONS

General Literary Principles

- Poetry is distinguished from fiction in that it
 - uses puns and persona
 - injects emotion and sentiment
 - does not have a hero
 - uses rhyme and meter
- A type of poem which may be sung and which embodies a tale is called
 - sentimental poem
 - sonorous poetry
 - musical interlude
 - a ballad
- Which one author produces mocking invitation of another author's work we call his product _____.
 - a conceit
 - an aggression
 - a contrast
 - a parody
- When a story is told at one level has its true meaning at another level it is called
 - a horror story
 - a confusing story
 - an epic
 - an allegorical story
- When an unrelated incident is inserted in a work of literature it is called
 - a dream sequence
 - a flashback
 - a digression
 - a masque

On Literary Appreciation

6. Ah, love, let us be true to one another!
For the world, which seems to lie before us
like a land of dreams so various, so
beautiful, so new, Hath really neither joy,
nor love, nor light, nor certitude, nor peace,
nor help for pain...

Matthew Arnold: Dover Beach

The dominant mood of the poem is

- romantic
- despairing
- bland
- confused

7. Fear no more the heat of the sun nor the
furious winter's rages; thou thy worldly task
has done, Home art gone, and- talent thy
wages, golden lads and girls all must, as
Chimney sweepers, come to dust.

William Shakespeare: Fear No More

The persona addressed in the above extract

- is preparing to forecast the weather
- has just been paid his salary
- is dead
- is a young lad who likes playing in the dust

8. These nattering nabobs of negativity
These pickling pilfering pick-pockets
These creeping, crawling crackpots.

The principal literary device deployed in the above lines is

- apostrophe
- rhetorical question
- alliteration
- euphemism

9. Go, lovely rose,
Tell her that wastes her time and me
That now she knows When I resemble her
for thee,
How sweet and fair she seems to be.

Edmund Waller h seems

In the above lines, the rose is presented as
having human characteristics or abilities.

This known as

- Hyperbole
- humour
- personification
- Paradox

10. One short sleep past, we wake eternally,
and death shall be no more; Death, thou
shalt die.....*Donne*

The above lines embody

- a paradox
- an apparition
- solecism
- mimesis

11. Mr. Whimple played peculiar tricks with
his voice. Sometimes it would boom like a
ferocious struck Bass drum; at other times it
would crackle like dry grains of corn thrown
into a raging, fire, of whisper with the
softness of a gentle breeze

The main rhetorical device employed in the above passage is

- A. oxymoron
- B. contrasts
- C. syntax
- D. catastrophic

12. Said Dr. Kamondo, "We have only hair-breath change of success in this case. The tumour has taken a firm root in the patient's vital organ and may have made inroads we are not sure of at the moment."

In the above passage, Dr. Kamonc outlook is

- A. unpredictable
- B. confidential
- C. prophetic
- D. pessimistic

13. My love is like a red rose
That's newly sprung in June
O my love is like the melody
That's sweetly played in tune

The main literary device employed in the above lines is

- A. antithesis
- B. simile
- C. metaphor
- D. abstraction

14. He was called Bibi Sacellaphylaccas...
Nobody knew what Bibi the pet mane was for.
His was the most harmless, childish countenance in the world.
He looked as though he were nine years old, but was really eight and given out for seven.
It was hard to believe this or not.

From the Thomas Mann: "The Infant Prodigy" the writer's attitude to the facts about Bibi is

- A. indifferent
- B. conspiratorial
- C. credulous
- D. sceptical

15. Down in the left side sat the prodigy's mother an extremely obese woman with a powdered double chin and a feather on her head.
Beside her was the impresario, a man of oriental appearance with large gold buttons on his conspicuous cuffs.
The princess was in the middle of the front row- a wrinkled, shrivelled Little old princess, but still a patron of the arts.

Thomas Man: *ibid*

The dominant tone in the above passage is

- A. appreciative
- B. cynical
- C. sarcastic
- D. catastrophic

ANSWERS TO EBSU 2012/2013 LIT-IN-ENGLISH QUESTIONS

1. D 2. D 3. D 4. 5. A 6. B 7. 8. C 9. C
10. A 11. B 12. D 13. B 14. D 15. C

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EBSU 2014/2015 LIT-IN-ENGLISH QUESTIONS

Questions 1 to 5 are based on Wole Soyinka's the lion and the jewel

1. Lakunle is presented as a
 - A. Fine specimen of an educated young man
 - B. Truly progressive and enlightened youth
 - C. Strong defender of the people's tradition
 - D. Caricature of a modern educated man
2.I am the twinkle of jewel but he is hind —quarters of a lion: These lines suggested that
 - A. Sidi is superior to the Bale
 - B. Sidi is weaker than the Bale
 - C. Sidi is cleverer than the Bale
 - D. The Bale is violent
3. The central theme of the play is the
 - A. Ills of modern clays
 - B. Clash between tradition and modernity
 - C. Problem of courtship
 - D. Conflict between the old and the young
4.but there have been no new reeds cut by his servants, no new sots woven : it can be inferred from the above lines that
 - A. There has been no harvest in the village
 - B. The Bale's servant are lazy
 - C. No children have been born recently
 - D. The Bale's servants are revolting
5.He risked his life that you may boast a warrior-hunter for your lord but you sell him to rhyiming rabble Gloating in your disloyalty
In these lines 'rhyiming rabble refers to
 - A. Clowns who wait on the Bale
 - B. Children in Lakunle's school
 - C. Professional singers
 - D. The mummers who dance in mockery of the Bale's rumoured impotence
6. The basic idea of any give work of art is its
 - A. Imagery
 - B. Style
 - C. Theme
 - D. Tones
7. The epilogue in a literary composition is
 - A. At the beginning
 - B. In the middle
 - C. At the end
 - D. Just before the end

8. When a character in a literary work exist primarily to enhance, through contrast, the portrayal of the personal, traits of another character, that first character is a
 - A. protagonist
 - B. antagonist
 - C. minor character
 - D. foil
9. A statement whose meaning is contrary to that openly expressed is an example of
 - A. Metaphor
 - B. Oxymoron
 - C. Irony
 - D. Personification
10. Which of the following is central to narrative fiction
 - A. Sequence of events
 - B. Dialogue
 - C. Objectivity
 - D. Subjectivity
11. Which of the following could be applicable to all genres
 - A. Symbolism
 - B. Rhythm
 - C. Action
 - D. Narration .
12. In literary criticism, a casual reference to a figure or an event is regarded as an
 - A. Alliteration
 - B. Allegory
 - C. Allusion
 - D. Ambiguity
13. A paradox is
 - A. Applied to a word or combination of words whose sound resembles the sense
 - B. statement which seems self-contradictory or absurd, yet turns out to have a valid meaning
 - C. On episode of pantomime introduced through gesture and bodies movement in a play
 - D. An elaborately conceived expressing on urban poet's nostalgia for life in the country
14. A necessary quality of every work of literatures is that it
 - A. Shows a creative use of language
 - B. Has to whose be publishable in order to gain wide acceptance

- C. Teaches a moral self-lesson
- D. Uses characters or actors

15. A picaresque novel is a
- A. Work of fiction set in utopian past recalling the splendour of rural life
 - B. Psychological novel with penetrating analysis of human emotions
 - C. Futuristic novel set in outer space
 - D. Work of fiction tracing the adventures of a scoundrel of low birth

ANSWERS TO EBSU 2014/2015 LIT-IN-ENGLISH QUESTIONS

1. D 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. D 6. C 7. C 8. D 9. C
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10. A 11. D 12. C 13. B 14. A 15. D

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