

AE FUNAI

POST UTME PAST QUESTIONS FOR ARTS AND SOCIAL SCIENCE

PrepsNG Learning Center

FUNAI POST UTME PAST QUESTIONS FOR ARTS, SOCIAL AND MANAGEMENT SCIENCES

2018/2019 POST UTME QUESTIONS

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Choose the appropriate option that can correctly fit into the blank spaces.

1. Most people no longer_____ that man is in the advanced stage of development.

- A. believing
- B. beleiving
- C. believers
- D. believe

2. Many people still, however, believe that God_____ life.

- A. create
- B. were created
- C. was created
- D. creates
- 3. We believe that God _____ things.
- A. was making
- B. made
- C. has been making
- D. have been making

4. The ability to reason and make moral judgments _____ God-given.

- A. is
- B. are
- C. were
- D. has Been
- 5. Their patients _____ recovered completely
- A. have
- B. was
- C. will
- D. could be
- 6. The miserly old man_____ here again.
- A. were
- B. is being
- C. have been
- D. was
- 7. She _____ her assignments well.
- A. do
- B. does

- C. done
- D. have done
- 8. Whoever _____ first gets it.
- A. came
- B. will come
- C. comes
- D. is coming
- 9. Statistics _____ come to stay as a science subject.
- A. have come
- B. would come
- C. has come
- D. is come

10. Students should study properly for their examinations, ____

- A. Isn't it?
- B. Shouldn't it?
- C. Shouldn't they?
- D. Should they?

ECONOMICS

1. One of the disadvantages of division of labour is that

A. there is a saving of time

B. it results in workers acquiring greater skill at their jobs

- C. there is a greater risk of unemployment
- D. it makes possible the use of machinery

E. it makes the worker less fatigued by his work

2. Progressive income tax can be expressed as _____

- A. tax that falls as income rises
- B. tax that rises as income falls
- C. tax that is independent of income
- D. tax that rises as income rises
- E. tax that is neutral to income.

3. Taxes which are levied on a person's expenditure are known as _____
A. purchase tax
B. sales tax
C. direct tax
D. poll tax

E. income tax

4. One of the ways by which government derives revenue from industrial enterprises in West Africa is _____

- A. tariffs
- B. exercise duties
- C. poll tax
- D. import duties
- E. community tax

5. A commodity can be sold for two or more different prices if it is _____

- A. produced or sold by oligopoly
- B. sold in a perfect market
- C. produced or sold by imperfect competitors
- D. produced or sold by perfect competition

6. Which of the following countries is not a member of the Economic Community of West African State?

- A. Sierra Leone
- B. Sudan
- C. Gambia
- D. Nigeria
- E. Guinea

7. The most dominant economic activity which employs the largest number of people in West Africa is _____

- A. manufacturing
- B. transport
- C. government
- D. agriculture
- E. the petroleum industry
- 8. Retailers in an economy perform the
- function of ____
- A. production
- B. exchange
- C. distribution
- D. hoarding
- E. investment
- 9. For two substitute goods, the cross elasticity of demand is _____
- A. greater than one but less than two
- B. zero
- C. negative
- D. positive
- E. infinity

10. The Central Bank instrument of control does not include _____

- A. open market-operations
- B. moral sanctions
- C. reserve requirement
- D. selective credit control
- E. printing banknotes

GOVERNMENT

- 1. An unwritten constitution is one which____
- A. is not subject to judicial review
- B. is only partially written
- C. is not written at all
- D. is made up solely of a set of conventions
- E. none of the above

2. The first political party, properly so-called, was formed in Nigeria in _____

- A. 1916
- B. 1923
- C. 1944
- D. 1948
- E. 1951
- 3. The first Pan African conference was held
- in ____
- A. Paris
- B. Brussels
- C. London
- D. New York E. Manchester
- 4. The first Governor-General of Nigeria was
- A. Lord Luggard
- B. Dr. Nnamdi Azikiwe
- C. Sir James Robertson
- D. Major General Aguyi Ironsi
- E. the Ooni of Ife

5. Which of the following are pressure groups?

- A. the Nigerian Chamber of Commerce
- B. the Nigerian Union of Teachers
- C. the National Union of Nigerian Students
- D. All of the above
- E. A and C
- 6. The legislature is _
- A. the body which administers the law
- B. the body which makes law
- C. a body of local government council
- D. the body which interprets the law
- E. none of the above

7. Indirect rule was introduced into Nigeria by ____

- A. Dame Margery Perham
- B. Sir Donald Cameron
- C. Sir Frederick Lugard
- D. Sir Author Richards
- E. the sultan of Sokoto

8. The colonial administration in Nigeria was A. authoritarian

- B. democratic
- C. development oriented
- D. dominated by Nigerians
- E. none of the above

9. In the Oyo traditional political system, the Alafin of Oyo was elected or chosen by a group known as ____

- A. Tributary Chiefs
- B. Bales
- C. Obas
- D. Ogboni
- E. Oyo Mesi

10. The first country in West Africa to become independent was _____

- A. Nigeria
- B. Guinea Bissau
- C. Ghana
- D. Benin
- E. Republic of Guinea

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS STUDIES

1. "Truly, I say to you, not even in Israel have I found such faith" the statement above by Jesus was made when he healed the _____

- A. leper
- B. blind man
- C. demoniac
- D. centurion's servant

2. The rainbow as the sign of God's covenant with Noah implies

- A. Providence
- B. reconciliation
- C. mercy
- D. redemption

3. "I will go out as at other times and shake myself free." When Samson made the statement above, he was not aware that

- A. the philistines were upon him
- B. he was bound with bronze fetters
- C. the lord had left him
- D. his eyes had been gouged out

4. Jesus pronounced woe on Chorazin and Bethsaida because they were _____

- A. enemies of the truth
- B. not obedient to the law
- C. not repentant of their sins
- D. against the word of God

5. Those who do not believe in Jesus Christ are condemned already because they _____

- A. are stubborn
- B. have not believed
- C. worship idols
- D. have already perished

6. When Simon Peter saw the great shoal of fish caught, he exclaimed with personal self-judgment because he was _____

- A. a sinful man
- B. astonished
- C. amazed
- D. amenable

7. Which of the following was Naaman's god before his skin was restored? He was a worshipper of

- A. gods of Syria
- B. the Lord
- C. Rimmon
- D. Baal

8. How many gallons of water did Jesus turn into wine during the wedding? They were_____A. 60 or 90 gallons

- B. 120 or 180 gallons
- C. 240 or 360 gallons
- C. 240 01 300 gallons
- D. 300 or 450 gallons

9. The word of God came to John in the wilderness during the priesthood of _____

- A. Annas and Abilene
- B. Caiaphas and Annas
- C. Caiaphas and Philip
- D. Abilene and Caiaphas

10. What was to be the reward of Israel according to Isaiah, if they were willing and obedient? They would _____

A. inherit the entire land

B. be the people of God and God would be their father

- C. prosper and devour their enemies
- D. eat the good of the land

LITERATURE IN ENGLISH

1. The reader's emotional identification with an admirable character in a story is referred to as_____

- A. Sympathy
- B. Foreshadowing
- C. Recognition
- D. Empathy

2. The All-knowing narrator in a story is called the _____

A. First person narrator

- B. Omniscient narrator
- C. Divine narrator
- D. Author

3. A figure of speech that establishes an elaborate parallel between unlike things is

- A. Caesura
- B. Conceit
- C. Metaphor
- D. Simile

4. Lines of unrhymed vambie pentameter are known as _____

- A. Free verse
- B. Blank verse
- C. Tyne
- D. Manometer

5. The final outcome or unravelling of the main conflict in a plot is referred to as_____

- A. Denotation
- B. Archetype
- C. Denouement
- D. Persona

6. The typical rhyme scheme of the English sonnet is _____

- A. abab ebeb ecec ff
- B. abab abab cde cde
- C. abba abba cde cde
- D. abab cdcd efef gg

7. The struggle of the protagonist with forces that threaten to destroy him is known as ______A. Conflict

- B. Confrontation
- C. Battle
- D. Connotation

8. The type of comedy usually satiric that relies on exaggerated character types and ridiculous situations is _____

- A. Melodrama
- B. Tragi-comedy
- C. Farce
- D. Cacophony
- 9. Denotation refers to the _____ meaning of a word
- A. Literany
- B. Literal
- C. Figurative Ironical

10. The dramatic convention in which an actor alone on the stage speaks his thoughts aloud is _____

- A. Aside
- B. Apostrophe
- C. Overstatement
- D. Soliloquy

ANSWERS TO FUNAI 2018/2019 POST UTME EXAM QUESTIONS

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

1. D 2. D 3. B 4. A 5. A 6. D 7. B

8. C 9. C 10. C

ECONOMICS

1. C 2. D 3. C 4. B 5. D 6. B 7. D

8. C 9. D 10. E

GOVERNMENT

1.B 2.B 3. A 4. A 5. D 6. B 7. C

8. A 9. E 10. C

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS STUDIES

1. D 2. C 3. C 4. C 5. B 6. B 7. C

8. B 9. B 10. D

LITERATURE IN ENGLISH

1. D 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. C 6. D 7. A

8. C 9. B 10. D

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2017/2018 FUNAI POST UTME QUESTIONS

Day 1

1. Which state in Nigeria did EBOLA First start?

- A. Lagos B. Kaduna
- C. Kadun
- D. Calabar
- 2. Who discovered electricity?
- A. Andrew Ampere
- B. Faraday Michael
- C. Thomas Edison
- D. Benjamin Franklin
- 3. Simplify 52.4 5.7 1.75
- A. 34.5
- B. 44.95
- C. 50.45
- 4. Who was the first executive president of Nigeria?
- A. Alhaji Abubakar Tafawa Balewa
- B. Dr. Nnamdi Azikiwe
- C. Mohamaudu Buhari
- D. Alhaji Shehu Shagari

5. Which year was federal university or Ndulu Alike Ikwo was founded?

- A. 2011
- B. 2016
- C. 2015
- D. 2013
- 6. Which sentence is correct in the following

A. You have come home so you help your mother in lime

B. You have to come on time so as Lo help your mother

C. You have to come and help your mother D. You has to come home on time so as to help your mother

- 7. Their father when they were little.
- A. ran off
- B. ran upon
- C. ran up
- D. ran of
- 8. The man works in LONDON
- A. does the man work in Lagos?
- B. who works in London?
- C. does the man stay in London?
- D. does the man work for London?

9. The range of the data k+2, k-3, k+4. k-2, k-5, k+3, k-1 and k+6 is

- A. 9
- B. 11
- C. 7 D. 8
- 10. Which country is Sydney located?
- A. Australian
- B. United States of America
- C. U.K
- D. New Zealand

Day 1 Answers

1. A 2. D 3. B 4. D 5. D 6. A 7. A 8. A 9. B

10. D

DAY2

- 1. The capital of Germany is _____.
- A. Bonu
- B. Berlin
- C. Hamburg
- D. Bremen
- 2. The first capital of Nigeria is _____.
- A. Calabar
- B. Lagos
- C. Abuja
- D. Kaduna
- 3. Mrs. Audu always talks carelessly.
- A. does she
- B. isn't she
- C. doesn't she
- D. didn't she

Choose the word nearest in meaning for the words underlined.

- 4. She is known for her <u>bizarre</u> dressing.
- A. Natural
- B. weird
- C. obsolete
- D. odious

5. The workers <u>tightened their hold on the</u> <u>capital.</u>

A. they controlled the capital more strictly B. they held onto other workers in the capital.

C. they tightened a rope round their capital

| D. they stretched their hold on the capital and beyond | D. raining |
|---|---|
| 6. Which geopolitical zone does Nasarawa stale belong to ? A. North central B. South central C. South-south D. South east | Who is the current minister of Agriculture in Nigeria A. Akinwunmi Adesina B. Audu Ogbeh C. Mohamed Duru D. all of the above |
| 7. The question that has no meaning is called A. Rhetorical question B. Tautological question C. useless question D. meaningless question | 4. The capital of Australian is A. Acton B. Casino C. Canberra D. Redo 5. A man travel 200km from a point with a velocity of 20hr, calculate the time I taken. |
| 8. Ebonyi state is known asnation. A. salt B. coal C. peace D. none of the above | A. 2000 sec B. 10 sec C. 100 sec D. 10 hr |
| 9. The largest ocean in the world is A. Pacific Ocean B. Atlantic Ocean C. River Mississippi D. River Niger | 6. The first ceremonial president of Nigeria is A. Alhaji Shehu Shagari B. Dr. Nnamdi Azikiwe C. Mohamed Buhari D. Ernest Shonekan |
| 10. Evaluate 2700000 x 0.03 ÷1800 A. 4.5 x 10 B. 4.5 x 10 ¹ C. 4.5 x 10 ² D. 4.5 x 10 ³ | 7. I have already the picture on the sitting-room wall. A. hanged B. hunged C. hang D. hung |
| Day 2 Answers | 8. Two young boys have been caught with |
| 1. B 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. A 6. A 7. A 8. A 9. A 10. A | part of the stolen machine but admitted stealing it. A. neither of them has |
| DAY 3 | B. neither of them have C. none of them has |
| 1. The different between $4\frac{5}{7}$ and $\frac{21}{4}$ is greater | D. none of them have |
| than the sum of $\frac{1}{14}$ and $1\frac{1}{2}$ by A. $\frac{23}{28}$ | 9. In what year was Ebola discovered in Nigeria. A. 2011 |
| B. $\frac{24}{28}$ C. $\frac{50}{56}$ | B. 2013 C. 2014 D. 2015 |
| D. $\frac{27}{28}$ | 10. Who was the first vice-chancellor of federal university Ndufu Alike Ikwo. |
| 2. It heavenly last night.A. rainB. rainsC. rained | Day 3 Answers 1. C 2. B 3. B 4. C 5. D 6. B 7. D 8. A 9. C |

Day 4

- 1. The largest ocean in the world is _____
- A. Pacific Ocean
- B. Atlantic Ocean
- C. River Niger
- D. Indian ocean
- 2. When did Nigeria celebrate their democracy?
- A. 1st October
- B. 27th May
- C. 28th June
- D. 29th May
- 3. Who is the Governor of Central bank of Nigeria
- A. Godwin Emefiele
- B. Solo Udo
- C. Lamido Sanusi
- D. Emeka Ike

4. A man saved ₦100 from his salary ₦5000 each year, and he added ₦20 to his savings.
How many years will it take to earned ₦58000

- A. 10 yrs. 3 month
- B. 11 years and 3 and half months
- C. 12yrs
- D. 15yrs

5. Which year was Federal University Ndufu Alike Ikwo was founded ?

- A. 2011
- B. 2012
- C. 2013
- D. 2014
- 6. Find x if log $9^x = 1$
- A. 72.0
- B. 27.0
- C. 36.0
- D. 3.5

7. Nearest in meaning question: I can walk that distance and have done in many times.

- A. I am used to walk that distance
- B. I used to walk that distance
- C. I used to I walking that distance
- D. I am used to walking that distance

8. This picture is ASCRIBED to Leonardo da Vinci. This means that _____.

- A. Leonardo da Vinci did it
- B. Leonardo da Vinci might have painted it

- C. I Leonardo da Vinci definitely painted it
- D. Leonardo da Vinci did part of the painting
- 9. Wada said that two of his chickens _____eggs yesterday morning.
- A. layed
- B. lied
- C. laid
- D. lain

10. Nigeria became a republic in _____

- A. 1960
- B. 1961
- C. 1963
- D. 1914

Day 4 Answers

1. A 2. D 3. A 4. B 5. C 6. B 7. D 8. A 9. C

10. C

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Comprehension:

INSTRUCTION: Read the passage carefully and answer questions 1 – 5 below

Olumba removed a small black amulet from his neck and substituted a bigger one. The former was for general protection at home, the later for protection and luck whilst travelling. Ready at last he picked up his matchet and headed for the chief's house with lkechi behind him.

Olumba walked ahead looking upward as usual. Just what he was searching for in the sky ikechi couldn't tell. Perhaps, his shortness accounted for this habit since he often has to look up into the faces of his taller companions. What he lacked in height he made up in solid muscle and he looked strong. His wrestling pseudonym was Agadaga, a name which meant nothing but which somehow conveyed an impression of strength.

Eze Diali, the chief sat at one end of his reception hall ringed by the village elders whom he had called to a meeting. The rest of the hall was filled with much young men.

"People of Chiolu," the chief began, "I have learnt that poachers from the Pond of Wagaba which as you know is rich in fish. Our plan tonight is to bring one or more of these thieves home alive and ask for very large ransoms. This line of action will have two effects. Firstly, it will prove our charges of poaching against the people of Aliakoro, and secondly, the payment of very large ransoms would be a deterrent. We need seven men for this venture. I call for volunteers".

"Who will head this party?" the chief asked, looking around. Chituru, one of the elders said: "Eze Diali, let us not waste time. Olurnba is the man for the job. We all know that he has led many exploits like this one."

"We still need six men," Eze Diali said. Eager youths came surging forward. Their wellformed muscles rippled as they elbowed one another. It was difficult to choose. "I suggest Olumba should choose his men. He knows the boys very well and his judgment should be reliable," it was Wezume, another village elder who spoke.

- 1. Olumba wore amulets because he
- A. was superstitious
- B. was a strong and fearless fighter
- C. wanted to please his wife
- D. wanted to instil fear in Eze Diali
- E. believed in their power of protection
- 2. Olumba looked upwards because
- A. he was searching for something in the sky
- B. this was his usual practice
- C. he was short and often had to look up
- D. he lacked height
- E. his wrestling pseudonym was Agadaga
- 3. "Poaching" means
- A. stealing
- B. cracking eggs
- C. fishing
- D. demanding ransoms from Aliakoro
- E. deterring thieves
- 4. The chief called the meeting because
- A. he wanted volunteers to go to Aliakoro B. he wanted to announce the fact that there would finitely be poachers from Chiolu at the Great Ponds that night

C. he wanted to ask for very large ransoms because the people of Chiolu needed money for fishing

D. the elders had devised a plan to prevent the poaching

E. seven men were needed to bring seven thieves home

- 5. Why was Olumba chosen?
- A. in order not to waste time
- B. because his nickname conveyed an impression of strength
- C. his amulets for luck were stronger than anyone else
- D. he had caught thieves alive before
- E. the passage doesn't say

Read the passage below carefully and answer the questions 6 - 10 that follow

All over the world till lately, and in of the world till today, mankind has been following the course of nature: that is to say, it has

been breeding up to maximum. To let nature take her extravagant course in the reproduction of the human race may have made sense in an age in which we were also letting her take her course in decimating mankind by the casualties of war, pestilence, and famine. Being human, we have at least revolted against that senseless waste. We have started to 1mpose on nature's heartless play a humane new order of our own. But once man has begun to interfere with nature; he cannot afford to stop half way. We cannot, with impunity, cut down the death rate and at the same time allow the birth-rate to go on taking nature's course. We must consciously try to establish equilibrium or, sooner or later, famine will stalk aboard again.

6. The author observes that

A. war, pestilence and famine were caused by the extravagance of nature

B. nature was heartless and senseless

C. there was a time when controlled birth made sense

D. it was

E. nature was heartless in its reproductive process

7. Which of these statements does not express the opinion of the author?

A. mankind has started to interfere with the work of nature

B. many people had died in the past through war and disease

C. mankind should have the maximum number of children possible

D. mankind should take care of its children E. man's present relationship with nature in matters of birth and death is a happy one

- 8. "Humane" as used in the passage means
- A. sensible
- B. wise
- C. human
- D. benevolent
- E. through

9. "We most consciously try to establish equilibrium" in the passage implies that mankind must

- A. realistically find an equation
- B. strive not to be wasteful
- C. purposely try to fight nature
- D. try to fight nature
- E. deliberately find a balance

10. The main idea of this passage is that

- A. nature is heartless
- B. man should control the birth rate
- C. mankind will soon perish of starvation
- D. pestilence causes more deaths than war

Choose the option opposite in meaning to the word(s) or phrase underlined.

11. He is locked up for a fortnight.

- A released
- B. punished
- C. remanded
- D. locked out
- E. none of the above

12. The retired General became a <u>hard-nosed</u> officer after fighting the war.

- A. tough
- B. weak
- C. indifferent
- D. bed-ridden
- E. aggressive

13. Coastal plains are often very densely.

- A. weakly
- B. badly
- C. rarely
- D. sparsely
- E. nicely

14. We cannot but talk about his <u>invaluable</u> contributions to the affairs of the society.

- A. worthless
- B. costly
- C. unrecognized
- D. incalculable
- E. unquantifiable

15. The Western allies frowned at their enemies <u>indiscriminate</u> bombing of their territory.

- A. impartial
- B. selective
- C. unprovoked
- D. divided
- E. random

Fill each gap with the most appropriate option from the list following the gap.

- 16. A University teacher is an _____.
- A. academic
- B. academics
- C. academician
- D. academia

| 17. The classmore girls than boys A should have been A. comprises of B. would be C. comprises D. omprises E. comprises E. annest be E. comprises E. annest be E. comprises E. annest be B. I shall work hard so that I canin in A secure B. make B. make C. receive D. grab E. command a distinction 19. Students were forbiddenany Secure forbiddenany Secure S. in joining C. to join D. on joining E. joining 20. The Emir and conqueror of the enemy territories net week. A arrives A arrives net the economic problem arises when A arrive C. arome conomic problem arises when A arrive A stourge filling the compound. A. fragrance S. solong 21. You can stay here as you are quiet. A sourge from the central bank is able to create money A sourge filling the compound. A fragrance 2. The of what she was cooking filling the compound. A sourge a deminand deposit as it gives a new yoan ge with the correst conotas 2. Caroma D | E. academy | 24. By January 2013. I ten years in the service of the University. |
|--|----------------------------------|--|
| C. comprises E. comprising of B. acomprises E. comprises E. comprises E. comprises E. comprises E. comprises B. T shall work hard so that I canin E. grade B. respective D. grade C. receive D. grade E. command a distinction 19. Students were forbiddenany secret society. A. from joining D. in joining E. joining 20. The Emir and conqueror of the enemy territoriesnext week. A arrives B. are to arrive C. arrive D. are arriving E. are for arrival 21. You can stay hereas you are quiet. A as long A. solong 22. The of what she was cooking filling the compound. B. scent C. aroma 23. Ours | this session. A. comprised of | A should have been B. would be C. can be |
| 18. I shall work hard so that I can in 18. I shall work hard so that I can in 18. I shall work hard so that I can in 19. Students were forbidden any 20. grab 19. Students were forbidden any a. from joining 19. Students were forbidden any a. from joining 19. Students were forbidden any a. from joining 10. on joining 20. The Emir and conqueror of the enemy territories next week. A arrives 20. The Emir and conqueror of the enemy territories next week. A arrives 21. You can stay here as you are quiet. As is long 22. The of what she was cooking filling the compound. A. fragrance B. so long 22. The of what she was cooking filling the compound. A. fragrance B. scent C. arorma D. smell S. is a resources G. is aresources | C. comprise | |
| English. B. reversed into A. secure B. reversed back into B. make C. reversed back into C. receive D. reversed back into D. grab E. command a distinction 19. Students were forbiddenany Secret society. A. from joining B. reversed back at B. n joining C. to join D. on joining B. utility is created or added C. to grave C. a commodity or service is sold B. or to arrives D. reversed back at 20. The Emir and conqueror of the enemy territoriesnext week. A arrives A arrives | | the carthe lorry. |
| B. make D. reversed back into C. receive C. receive D. grab E. command a distinction 19. Students were forbiddenany secret society. A. from joining A. from joining B. in joining B. in joining C. to join D. on joining C. to join 20. The Emir and conqueror of the enemy territoriesnext week. A a commodity or service is sold A arrives B. are to arrive D. are arriving C. are for arrival 21. You can stay hereas you are quiet. As long A as long B. so long C. aroma C. aroma D. for as long B. so long 22. The of what she was cooking filling the compound. A. fragrance A. fragrance B. so resources S. are resources D. y issuing cheques to depositors . E. by borrowing from the central bank P. Which of the following is not a component of national Income at factor cost? A. wages carried by doctors B. rents paid to landlords C. are resources D. undistributed company profits E. is resources S0. Which of the following is not an asset of a commercial bank? | English. | B. reversed into |
| E. command a distinction Answer the questions with the correct options 19. Students were forbiddenany secret society. Answer the questions with the correct options 20. Students were forbiddenany secret society. A. a commodity or service is sold B. in joining B. utility is created or added C. to join A. a commodity or service is sold B. on joining B. utility is created or added C. orning C. a commodity or service is sold B. on joining B. utility is created or added C. ornives An anufactured goods B. are to arrive A. manufactured goods B. are to arrive A. manufactured goods B. are for arrival B. money is in short supply C. In as much D. for as long C. In as much D. for as long 2. The of what she was cooking B. by mintaining reserves G. arona Of what she was cooking B. so long C. by creating a demand deposit as it gives a new loan 2. The of what she was cooking B. by printing it B. scent C. arona C. arona D. by issuing cheques to depositors . E. odour E. by borrowing from the central | B. make C. receive | D. reversed back into |
| secret society. A. from joining B. in joining C. to join D. on joining E. joining C. The Emir and conqueror of the enemy territoriesnext week. A arrives B. are to arrive C. arrive D. are arriving E. are for arrival C. arrive D. are arriving E. are for arrival C. aroma D. for as long E. in so long 22. The | - | |
| B. in joining A. a commodity or service is sold C. to join b. ori joining D. on joining c. a commodity is manufactured E. joining D. raw materials are produced or extracted from mines 20. The Emir and conqueror of the enemy territoriesnext week. A arrives A arrives E. all of these C. arrive D. are arriving C. arrive C. arrive D. are for arrival C. arrive afformation and congetor of the enemy territories next week. A arrives B. are to arrive C. arrive D. are arriving E. are for arrival C. buy creating a demand deposit as it gives a new loan D. for as long C. by creating a demand deposit as it gives a new loan 2. The of what she was cooking filling the compound. B. by maintaining reserves C. aroma D. by issuing cheques to depositors . B. scent C. by creating a demand deposit as it gives a new loan C. aroma D. by issuing cheques to depositors . B. scent C. indirect taxes C. aroma D. are resources B. is a resources D. undistributed company profits E. interest on loans S. wages carried b | secret society. | 26. Production in economics occurs when |
| D. on joining E. joining C. arrive 20. The Emir and conqueror of the enemy territoriesnext week. A arrives B. are to arrive C. arrive D. are arriving E. are for arrival D. for as long B. so long C. In as much D. for as long 22. The of what she was cooking filling the compound. A. fragrance B. socent C. aroma D. sellence 23. Ours based venture. A. are resources B. is a resources C. are resources D. is resources C. are resources B. is a resources C. are resources B. is resources C. are resources D. is resources D. is resources C. is resources D. is resources C. are resources D. is | B. in joining | |
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| D. are arrivingB. money is in short supplyE. are for arrivalC. buyers are many21. You can stay hereas you areD. sellers are few21. You can stay hereas you areC. buyers are many21. You can stay hereas you areC. buyers are many21. You can stay hereas you areC. buyers are many21. You can stay hereas you areC. buyers are many21. You can stay hereas you areC. buyers are many21. You can stay hereas you areC. buyers are many21. You can stay hereas you areC. buyers are many21. Theof what she was cookingB. by maintaining reservesC. Theof what she was cookingD. by issuing cheques to deposit as it gives a22. Theof what she was cookingD. by issuing cheques to deposit as it gives afilling the compound.E. by borrowing from the central bankA. fragranceS. comaB. scentC. aromaC. aromaD. by issuing cheques to deposit ors .D. smellE. odour23. Oursbased venture.A. are resourcesA. are resourcesD. undistributed company profitsB. is a resourcesS. Which of the following is not an asset ofD. is resources30. Which of the following is not an asset ofD. is resourcesA. cash | B. are to arrive | |
| 21. You can stay hereas you are quietas you are quiet.A as longas you are quiet.B. so longas you are gilling the solution22. Theof what she was cooking filling the compoundas you are gilling the compound.22. Theof what she was cooking filling the compoundas you are gilling the compound.A. fragranceas you are gilling the compound.B. scentas you are gilling the compound.C. aromaas you are gilling the compound.D. smellas you are gilling the resourcesE. odouras you are gilling the compound.A. fragranceas you are moneyB. scentas you are gilling the compound.C. aromaas you are | D. are arriving | B. money is in short supply |
| A as long28. A commercial bank is able to createB. so long28. A commercial bank is able to createC. In as muchA. by printing itD. for as longB. by maintaining reservesE. in so longC. by creating a demand deposit as it gives a22. The of what she was cookingD. by issuing cheques to depositors .filling the compound.E. by borrowing from the central bankA. fragrance29. Which of the following is not aC. aromaC. aromaD. smellE. odourE. odourB. seant venture.A. are resourcesD. undistributed company profitsB. is a resourcesD. undistributed company profitsB. is a resources30. Which of the following is not an asset ofD. is resourcesA. cash | | |
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| E. in so long C. by creating a demand deposit as it gives a new loan D. by issuing cheques to depositors . E. by borrowing from the central bank Scent C. aroma D. smell E. odour 23. Oursbased venture. A. are resources B. is a resources C. are resources D. is resources E. is resources | C. In as much | A. by printing it |
| filling the compound.E. by borrowing from the central bankA. fragrance29. Which of the following is not aB. scent29. Which of the following is not aC. aromacomponent of national Income at factor cost?D. smellA. wages carried by doctorsE. odourB. rents paid to landlordsC. indirect taxesC. indirect taxes23. Oursbased venture.D. undistributed company profitsA. are resourcesE. interest on loansB. is a resources30. Which of the following is not an asset of a commercial bank?E. is resourcesA. cash | - | C. by creating a demand deposit as it gives a |
| B. scent29. Which of the following is not a component of national Income at factor cost?C. aromaA. wages carried by doctorsD. smellB. rents paid to landlordsE. odourC. indirect taxes23. Oursbased venture.D. undistributed company profitsA. are resourcesD. undistributed company profitsB. is a resourcesS. interest on loansD. is resources30. Which of the following is not an asset of a commercial bank?E. is resourcesA. cash | filling the compound. | |
| D. smellA. wages carried by doctorsE. odourB. rents paid to landlordsC. indirect taxesC. indirect taxes23. Oursbased venture.D. undistributed company profitsA. are resourcesE. interest on loansB. is a resources30. Which of the following is not an asset of a commercial bank?C. are have based venturesA. cash | B. scent | - |
| 23. Oursbased venture.D. undistributed company profitsA. are resourcesE. interest on loansB. is a resources30. Which of the following is not an asset of a commercial bank?D. is resourcesA. cash | D. smell | A. wages carried by doctors |
| B. is a resources30. Which of the following is not an asset of a commercial bank?D. is resourcesA. cash | | C. indirect taxes D. undistributed company profits |
| D. is resourcesa commercial bank?E. is resourcesA. cash | | E. interest on loans |
| E. is resources A. cash | | - |
| | | A. cash |

| C. treasury bill D. reserve funds E. loans and overdrafts 31. Which of the following is not usually the function of a wholesaler? A. transport B. storage C. advertising D. after sales service E. branding | 38. Disequilibrium in the balance of payment means A. imports of the country exceeding its export B. overall deficit or surplus in the current account and capital account of the balance of payment C. capital flowing out of the country exceeds the capital flowing into the country D. deficit in the trade balance E. export earning exceed cost of imports |
|---|---|
| 32. In normal (typical) demands schedule, the quantity demanded is A. directly related to price B. inverse related to price C. independent of price D. proportionally related to supply E. solely dependent on haggling skill | 39. Differentiated product is the characteristics feature of A. perfect competition B. pure competition C. monopolistic competition D. monopoly E. oligopoly |
| 33. Invisible trade refers to trade in A. service B. goods and services C. triangle goods D. short-term and long-term capital E. goods the cannot be seen | 40. The most important attribute of money isA. homogeneityB. relative scarcityC. divisibilityD. none of the above |
| 34. inflation is likely to benefit A. persons with bank savings B. persons employed in financial houses C. debtors D. persons who live on fixed pension funds E. creditors | 41. Nigeria became a Republic in A. 1960 B. 1961 C. 1962 D. 1963 E. 1964 F. 1965 |
| 35. Surplus in balance of payments lead to | 42. Nigeria's first Senate President was |
| A. inflation of increasing prices generally B. increase in foreign reserves C. decrease in foreign reserves D. government budget surplus E. none of the above | A. Dr. Nnamdi Azikwe B. Akwueke Nwafor-Orizu C. Senator Pius Anyim D. Chuba Okadigbo E. Sir Ahmadu Bello |
| 36. Who controls a limited company?A. the general managerB. the managing directorC. the owner of 51% of the sharesD. the board of directorsE. the government | 43. The first Pan-African conference took place is A. 1920 B. 1945 C. 1958 D. 1960 E. 1963 |
| 37. The purpose of import duties does NOT include theA. generation of revenue for governmentB. protection of domestic industriesC. promotion of international tradeD. conservation of foreign exchange earningsE. control of consumption pattern | 44. Ghana was led into independence by A. Dr. J. B Danquah B. Dr. KwameNkrumah C. Dr. K. A Busia D. Mr Akuffo Addo E. Mr Krobo Edusei |

- 45. Nnamdi Azikiwe University is _____.
- A. a private University
- B. a faith-based University
- C. state University
- D. a community University
- E. a federal University

46. The 2011 women soccer world-cup took place in _____.

- A. Norway
- B. France
- C. Germany
- D. China
- E. Brazil

47. One of the following was the Prime Minister of the Federal Republic of Nigeria. A. Dr. Nnamdi Azikiwe

- B. Sir. Ahmadu Bello
- B. SIr. Anmadu Bello
- C. Chief Obafemi Awolowo
- D. Alhaji Tafawa Balewa
- E. Dr. Akunu Ibiam

48. The next Olympic games will take place in

- A. 2011 in Greece
- B. 2012 in Lisbon
- C. 2012 in London
- D. 2013 in Spain
- E. 2013 in Berlin

49. One of the following was the female Speaker of the House of Representative.

- A. Uche Ekwunife
- B. Abike Dabiri
- C. Patricia Etteh
- D. Margaret Ekpo
- E. Funmilayo Kuti

50. One of the following was the President of Nigeria between 1979-1983. A. Chief Olusegun Obasanjo

- A. Chief Olusegun Obasanjo
- B. Alhaji Shehu Shagari
- C. Gen. Sani Abacha
- D. Gen. Ibrahim Babangida
- E. Gen. Yakubu Gowon

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ANSWERS TO 2015/2016 FUNAI POST-UTME QUESTIONS

E 2. B 3. A 4. D 5. D 6. C 7. E 8. A 9. E
 B 11. A 12. C 13. D 14. E 15. B 16. A
 D 18. B 19. A 20. A 21. A 22. C 23. B
 B 25. A 26. E 27. E 28. C 29. C 30. C
 B 31. D 32. B 33. A 34. C 35. B 36. D
 C 38. B 39. C 40. D 41. C 42. B 43. B 45. E 46. C 47. D 48. C 49. C 50. B

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2014/2015 FUNAI POST UTME QUESTIONS

Answer all questions by marking the correct option in each question

Total Time Allowed: 1 hour

SECTION A

Read the passage below carefully and answer questions 1-5 that follow.

There is another interesting fact about eye movement. It you record the- eye movements of someone who is reading, you will notice that, from time to time, the reader goes back and looks again at something he has read before, in other words, he regresses to an earlier part of the text, probably because he realizes he does not understand the passage properly. Then he comes back to where he left off and continues reading. At one time, it was thought that regression was a fault, but it is in fact a very necessary activity in efficient reading.

There are several different kinds of fault in hiding, which are usually more exaggerated with foreign learners.

The most common one is that most people. read more slowly than they should. There is no rate at which people ought to read, of course, it depends on your purpose in reading how difficult the language is, how unfamiliar the material is, and so on. But most people read everything at the same slow speed, and do not seem to realize that they can read taster or slower retired. Other people say the words to themselves, or move their lips-these habits slow the reader down to something near speaking speed, which is, of course, much slower than reading speed. Another habit which can slow you down is following the line with your finger, or with a pen.

If you want to be able to read faster, the secret is simply to practice under time conditions. This means that you should give yourself a certain amount of time to read with understanding, and then check your time when you have finished. Students who have practiced fast reading even for only an hour a week, have shown average improvements of over 50% over a term often weeks' duration. Reading fast does not necessarily mean reading with less comprehension. In fact, students usually show a small increase in comprehension as well as a dramatic increase in speed.

1. The expression 'There is no rate at which people ought to read of course ...' is used to A. justify regression in reading

- B. condemn slow reading habit
- C. Justify a variety of reading speeds
- D. recommends regression in reading

2. According to the passage, the reader regresses so that he can

- A. look again at what he has read before
- B. appreciate what he is reading
- C. make sense of what he is reading
- D. remember what he is reading

3. For effective reading, the writer implies that speaking speed is

- A. normal
- B. inadequate
- C. necessary
- D. significant

4. The word "exaggerated", as used in the passage means

- A. pronounced
- B. problematic
- C. reduced
- D. compounded

5. The writer implies that when you read unfamiliar material, your reading speed will be

- A. faster
- B. regular
- C. irregular
- D. slower

In each of the questions in this section, choose the option that best completes the gap

6. The contractor could not collect any money from the bank because the cashier issued him a _____ cheque.

- A. dull
- B. blank
- C. dud
- D. dumb

7. My sister has several food packages for 15. The writer was requested to down my birthday party. A laid on A. turn B. layed B. tune C. laid off C. tone D. layed on D. tom 8. We have delayed traveling, and shall when the rain . A. set off/ lets up night. B. set up/lets off A. deep C. set out/ lets off B. dim D. set out/ lets up C. deem D. dip 9. The pump price of fuel in the country has recently been _____. A. raised up B. forced up C. marked up D. hiked up 10. New banks _____are all over Nsukka town in recent times. A. springing up B. shooting up C. stow C. stirring up D. showing up 11. It was in the course of packing that I __the original paper I had thought got 🛽 lost. A. fell on B. fumbled on C. chanced on D. stumbled on 12. Some African leaders are not serious about their _____ for the reduction of unemployment in their countries. A. demand B. quest C. request D. secret D. quest 13. Something drastic should be done to save this country's Economy question. A. bartered B. bertered C. battered D. batered 14. Many students were _____into rioting by the more radical ones. A. guided B. gathered C. quarded D. goaded D. pettish 14

the offensive statements in his article. 16. Drivers should always_____ their headlights when they meet other cars at In each of the question in this section, choose the option nearest in meaning to the word underlined/italicized. 11. I can no longer depend on the accuracy of my wrist watch. It has recently become very <u>erratic</u>. A. inaccurate B. unpredictable D. fragile 12. Many world leaders have continued to condemn the South African Prime Minister for his translucent posture. A. impetuous B. impertinent C. aggressive D. impervious 19. Because more reliable evidence is needed to prosecute the case, it is now in abeyance. A. court record B. suspense C. privacy 20. Everybody was amazed that the student had the *temerity* to ask his teacher such a A. attitude B. courage C. audacity D. affront 21. Since Adaobi lost her handset, she has been rather *touchy*. A. volatile B. petulant C. peevish

| 22. Books are published at prices in this country. A. unattractive B. exorbitant C. expensive D. inhibitive | 29. Last time we visited the seaside hotel, it was very <u>agreeable</u> . A. unpopular B. scandalous C. repulsive D. unattractive |
|---|---|
| | |
| In each of the questions in this section, choose the option opposite in meaning to the word underlined/italicized. | 30. The difference between Nneka and Ada is that whereas the <i>former</i> is dark in complexion, theis fair. |
| 23. Our association cannot progress if many of the members remain <u>reserved</u>. We need people who are A. free B. frank C. aggressive | A later B. letter C. latter D. latar 31. Monkey is to Nut as Sheep is to: A. climb |
| D. outspoken | B. wool |
| 24. The linesmen <u>allowed</u> an indirect kick | C. grass D. milk |
| against our teamthe decision. A. repealed | 32. Dog is to Kennel as Horse is to: |
| B. revoked | A. fields |
| C. rescinded | B. stable hunt |
| D. over-ruled | C. hunt |
| 25. Our opponents tried to <u>dampen</u> the morale of our players, but we did everything to it. | D. oats 33. Man is to Lung as Fish is to: A gill |
| A. boost | B. sea |
| B. rise | C. scale |
| C. promoted D. improve | D. fin |
| 26. In the olden days, mothers of twins were | 34. Carpet is to floor as curtain is to: A. furniture |
| never accepted as members of the society. | B. glass |
| They were simply A. banished | C. window D. ceiling |
| B. excommunicated | D. cening |
| C. expelled | 35. Pig is to Sty as Bee is to: |
| D. ostracized | A. graze |
| | B. pen |
| 27. The rainy season has <i>retarded</i> the pace | C. nest |
| of construction on the road. With the coming | D. hive |
| dry season, work would be | |
| A. expedited | SECTION B |
| B. accelerated | 26 Which of the following cituations can give |
| C. hurried D. hastened | 36. Which of the following situations can give rise to economic problems? |
| | A. unlimited human wants |
| 28. The demands of the boys were | B. wants of varying importance |
| <i>moderate</i> whereas the girls were | C. limited means available for satisfying |
| A. excessive | want |
| B. unreasonable | D. means used in different ways |
| C. fantastic D. horrible | |

37. If one orange costs ₦0.20k and one 44. The African country where a large deposit of crude oil was recently discovered kilogram of meat costs ₩10.00, the opportunity cost of one kilogram of meat is: is A. 50 oranges A. South Africa B. 10 oranges B. Libya C. 5 oranges C. Egypt D. Ghana D. 9.8 oranges 45. Three land-locked countries in West 38. The capital market is a market for trading of financial assets such as Africa are A. treasury bills A. Republic of Benin, Mauritania and Niger B. commercial papers B. Togo, Ghana and Chad C. bankers' acceptances C. Mali, Chad and Senegal D. long-term securities D. Mali, Burkina Faso and Niger 46. In Nigeria, urban floods are mainly 39. The Central Bank's expansionary monetary policy is justified at a period caused by: A. when the inflation rate is high and the A. establishment of shelter belts economy is experiencing a boom B. clearance of vegetation on farmlands B. of economic depression accompanied by C. construction of dams low capital utilization D. blockage of drains and water ways C. when trade unions are clamouring for 47. Vegetation-change in Nigeria in the past higher wages D. when the price of crude petroleum is few centuries has been brought about mostly as a result of: rising A. climatic change 40. The stock exchange is a market for B. animal rearing buying and selling of C. human activity A. new shares D. population increase B. existing shares C. treasury bills 48. The colonial government of Nigeria D. monetary investments introduced modern means of transportation particularly to A. stimulate inter-regional trade 41. In a market economy, .the question of what and for whom to produce are solved by B. increase the country's import and export the trade A. elected representatives of the people C. facilitate the export of agricultural B. planning committee produce C. price mechanism D. encourage the growth of urban centres D. government 49. The discovery of iron technology was a 42. Africa has an enormous potential for very important landmark in Nigeria history hydro-electric power because because this A. enabled man to grow more food than had A. It is a large continent B. its rivers have many waterfalls done before C. it has a high annual rainfall B. made hunting less hazardous than before D. the river flows over extensive areas C. led to UK growth of kingdoms D. enabled man to control his environment 43. It is generally believed that there is a more effectively general rise in sea levels as a result of: A. global warming 50. The present-day Zimbabwe was once B. excessive rainfall known as C. excavation of sand from ocean beds A. Zulu land D. man induced coastal erosion B. Kimberly

C. Tanganyika D. Rhodesia

51. General Murtala Mohammed's greatest legacy to Nigeria is the _____.

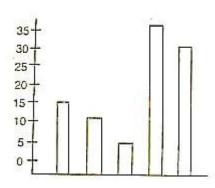
A. overthrown of General Yakubu Gowon's government

B. dismissal of corrupt military officers

C. purging of the civil service of incompetent staff

D. establishment of a new federal capital

The graph below shows the result of a survey of the way children go to school



52. What is the most popular form of transport?

- A. car
- B. train
- C. bus
- D. bicycle

53. How many more children travel by car than train?

- A. 25
- B. 30
- C. 5
- D. 15

54. How many children do not walk to school?

55. What fraction goes by train compared with those Who walk?

- A. ¼
- B. ½
- C. $\frac{1}{3}$
- D. ¾

56. What percentage of children cycle? A. 16.3%

- B. 16.66%
- C. 10.25%
- D. 18%

57. The co-coordinating minister for the economy and minister of finance is _____.A. Dr. Igwe Aja NwachukwuB. Prof. Chinedu NeboC. Dr. Sanusi Lamido SanusiD. Dr. Ngozi Okonjo Iweala

58. President Goodluck Jonathan recently declared state of emergency in three Northern states of _____

- A. Bomo, Taraba and Zamfara
- B. Borno, Adamawa and Yobe
- C. Kano, Kaduna and Yobe
- D. Adamawa, Katsina and Borno

In question 59 and 60, you have to make conclusions from the information given below .

Different foods are to be found on three shelves in a fridge. Butter is kept below the. eggs while cheese is kept above the milk. The butter is also above the milk, but the eggs are on the same shelf as the yoghurt. The ice cream is above the cheese.

59. What is on the bottom shelf? A. butter B. eggs C. cheese D. milk E. ice cream

60. Which are on the same shelf?A. butter and cheeseB. ice cream and milkC. butter and ice creamD. cheese and milkE. none of these

ANSWERS TO FUNAI 2014/2015 POST UTME QUESTIONS

1. C 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. C 6. C 7. C 8. A 9. A 10. A 11 .D 12. A 13. C 14. D 15. C 16. D 17. B 18. A 19. B 20. C 21. A 22. B 23. D 24. D 25. A 26. D 27. B 28. A 29. D 30. C 31. C 32. B 33. A 34. C 35. D 36. C 37. A 38. D 39. B 40. B 41. C 42. - 43. A 44. D 45. C 46. D 47. C 48. A 49. D 50. D 51. C 52. A 53. B 54. C 55. B 56. ** 57. D 58. B 59. D 60. A

2013/2014 FUNAI POST UTME QUESTIONS

Time allowed: 1 hour

Answer all questions by marking the correct option in each question

Read the passage below carefully and answer questions 1 - 5 that follows

Development in electronic science has transferred, he art of record keeping in the modern age. Traditionally, records of events were kept only in people's mind. It depended very much on the retentive power of the human memory. This was extremely dangerous as people either forgot events wholly or in pair, or deliberately falsified details of suit of various interests. Intermediates arguments were thus the order of the day. Even writing which I replaced mental recording was not e'1tirely free from those shortcomings untruth could be written as true records either willingly or inadvertently. With the advent of the electronic memory, however, these dangers have I been largely overcome. Recordings on audio and video cassettes now show not only what happened, but also who did or said what including how and when.

- 1. The author believes that electronic recording is
- A. superior only to mental recording

B. interior to both mental recording and writing

C. superior to both mental recording and writing

D. interior to only writing

2. The writer believes that the art of record keeping has ____.

- A. improved over the years
- 8. encouraged human memory
- C changed human memory
- D. overcome all the problems acting it

3. How many stages of development that the writer mention while discussing the art of record keeping.

- A. two
- B. three
- C. four
- D. five

- 4. According to the author, human memory is unreliable because people.
- A. the ant forgot what they said
- B. forget events on tell lies
- C. do not always know when events happen
- D. do not always know who did what and when

5. From the passage, we gather that writing is almost?

- A. as unreliable as human memory
- B. as reliable as electronic memory
- C. more reliable than electronic recording

D. not to be compared to any other recording system

In question 6 and 7, select the option that light explosions the information conveyed in the sentence.

6. With the screening test around the corner, I've got the jitters already.

- A. I've felt confident
- B. I've felt secured and hopeful
- C. I'm getting anxious
- D. I'm getting afraid

7. The teacher warned his students against resting on their laurels.

- A. relaxing on soft chairs
- B. taking things for granted
- C. depending on past achievements
- D. feeling satisfied and making no new effort

In question 8-12 choose the option nearest in meaning to the word(s) or phrase in italics

- 8. He lost his voice *momentarily* .
- A. in a moment
- B. in a split moment
- C. for a brief period of time
- D. without delay
- E. instantly

9. You have been asked to change your

laissez-faire attitude to work.

- A. stupid
- B. carefree
- C. careful
- D. responsible
- E. callous

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|--|---|
| 10. In some part of India, people are<u>ostracized</u> simply because of their ancestry.A. abandoned | D. unkind E. callous |
| B. shut off from society | 17. Joseph is a disco-addict. He takes his |
| C. refused education | studies rather <i>lightly</i> . |
| D. rendered unhappy E. hated | A. humorously B. gloomily |
| L. Hateu | C. tediously |
| 11. We all have both good and bad characteristics. Either is, however, <i>manifested</i> in time of crisis. | D. carefully E. seriously |
| A. demanded | 18. My cousin is very lazy. His future is |
| B. highlighted | rather <u>bleak</u> . |
| C. revealed | A. cloudy |
| D. demonstrated | B. careful |
| E. indicated | C. bright |
| | D. huge |
| 12. One of the surest ways to ensure good | E. sturdy |
| health is to have a wholesome and | |
| adequate diet. | 19. The door handle was shaky because the |
| A. palatable B. mixed | screws had |
| C. hygienic | A lost B. loosed |
| D. prudent | C. losed |
| E. health-good | D. loosened |
| In question 13-18, choose the option opposite in meaning by the word in italics | 20. Something is being done to detect the person who the crime. A. perpetrated B. perpetuated |
| 13. The state governor <u>upheld</u> the decision of the cabinet.A. held up | C. performed D. promoted |
| B. undercut | 21. The lawyer pleaded with the judge to |
| C. maintained | justice with mercy. |
| D. abolished | A. tempar |
| E. reversed | B. tamper |
| 14. The Director is loved for his <u>altruism</u> . A. benevolence | C. tamper D. taper |
| B. sincerity | 22. Obi bought five novels last week and has |
| C. selfishness | gone through all. He is certainly a |
| D. selflessness | reader. |
| E. generosity | A. vicarious |
| 15 Chinyora is naturally taciture | B. voracious C. vivacious |
| 15. Chinyere is naturally <u>taciturn</u> . A. friendly | D. veracious |
| B. cheerful | |
| C. dumb D. lively | In questions 23-30, choose the word(s) or phrase which best fills the gap(s) |
| E. garrulous | |
| 10. The destance war contle with the | 23. There's ventilation in this room |
| 16. The doctor was very gentle with the patients in the ward. | that's why you don t breathe well. A. few |
| patients in the ward. A harsh | A. few 8. a few |
| patients in the ward. | A. few |

| | B. 110 |
|---|--|
| 24. Whenever he put the light on someone | C. 130 |
| to disturb him. | D. 124 |
| A. couldn't | |
| B. might | 34. Which salary is greater? |
| C. shouldn't | A. ₦350 weekly |
| D. needn't | B. ₩646 biweekly |
| 2C bins in the second Taxaald base | C. #1378 monthly |
| 26him in the crowd, I would have | D. ₦17,000 per annum |
| told you at once. A. had it been I saw | 35. Which number should come next in the |
| B. if I saw | series? 1, 4, 9, 16, 25 |
| C. had I seen | A. 2 |
| D. should I see | B. 5 |
| | C. 12 |
| 27 he had insufficient qualification, | D. 36 |
| he was denied admission. | |
| A. hence | 36. Which number should come next in this |
| B. for the fact | series? 3, 5, 13, 21 |
| C. being that | A. 6 |
| D. as | B. 34 |
| | C. 39 |
| 28. I was disappointed by my performance | D. 30 |
| because very hard. | |
| A. I had studied | 37. How many minutes is it before 12noon if |
| B. I have studied | 40 minutes ago it was four times as many |
| C. I studied D. I did studied | minutes past 10am. A. 16 mins |
| D. I did studied | B. 4 mins |
| 29. Everybody knows thatshould | C. 32 mins |
| return the gown after matriculation. | D. 20 mins |
| A. he or she | E. 8 mins |
| B. he | |
| C. they | 38. What number should replace the |
| D. she | question mark to continue the sentence? |
| | 100, 96.5, 92, 86.5, <u>?</u> |
| 30. Let's start our revision at once, | |
| A. shouldn't | 39. What number should replace the |
| B. shall we | question mark to continue the next |
| C. couldn't we | sentence? 17, 34, 51, 68, 7, 102, |
| 0. shouldn't we | A. 79 B. 85 |
| 31. What is 11 multiply by 15? | C.92 |
| A. 196 | D. 88 |
| B. 165 | E. 82 |
| C. 195 | 21.02 |
| D. 156 | 40. If you have four fifths of ₦1,000 and |
| | spend $\#360$, how much will you be left with? |
| 32. Divide 84 by 7 and add 17, what is the | A. ₦250 |
| answer? | B. ₩480 |
| A. 28 | C. ₦320 |
| B. 19 | D. ₩440 |
| C. 32 | E. ₦400 |
| D. 29 | |
| 22 What is $5/$ of $21/2$ | 41. If Friday is the 4 th day of the month, |
| 33. What is ⁵ / ₉ of 216? A. 120 | what day is the 13^{th} day of the month? |
| A. 12U | A. Sunday |

B. Monday C. Saturday D. Friday

E. Thursday

42. Peter has twice as much as James altogether, they have 84, how many has each?

- A. Peter 52, James 52
- B. Peter 40, James 44
- C. Peter 20, James 64
- D. Peter 28, James 56
- E. Peter 36, James 50

43. Count the number of times the letter "e" appears in this sentence. What Is the total?

- A. 10
- B. 11
- C. 12
- D. 13
- E. 9

44. What is the day and date 27 days after Wednesday 11 June? A. Monday 7th July

- B. Tuesday, 15th July
- C. Wednesday, 9 July
- D. Tuesday, 8th July
- E. Sunday, 6th July

Each of question 45-48 consists of a series of letters or numbers that follow some definite order study each series to determine what the order is: select one answer that will complete the set-in accordance with the established pattern.

45. a c c b d f c e g h

- A. f
- B.h
- C.g D.i

0.1

46. fg I h j k m I n o q p r s A. I B. u C. v D. r

47. a b 3 d e 6 g h 9 A. f B I C. 12 D. i

48. a 2 b 3 c d 5 e 6 f A. g7

- B. I7 C. 7°
- D. 7g

49. Pick the piece that's missing from the diagram on the left

50. Which figure is different from the others?

ANSWERS TO FUNAI 2013/2014 POST UTME QUESTIONS

C 2. A 3. B 4. B 5. A 6. C 7. B 8. C 9. B
 D 11. C 12. A 13. E 14. B 15. E 16. C
 F 18. C 19. D 20. A 21. A 22. B 23. C
 B 25. D 26. C 27. C 28. C 29. A 30. A
 B 32. B 33. A 34. A 35. B 36. - 37. D
 C 39. B 40. D 41. A 42. - 43. E 44. D
 B 46. B 47. B 48. B 49. B 50. D

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